## CORRECTION TO THE PAPER "THE REFLECTION PRINCIPLE FOR POLYHARMONIC FUNCTIONS"

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Dr. Avner Friedman kindly drew our attention to an error in *The* reflection principle for polyharmonic function (this Journal 5 (1955), 433–439). On p. 436 we stated that the operator (2.1) transforms  $x_1^{\nu_1} x_2^{\nu_2} \cdots x_n^{\nu_n}$  into  $(-1)^{\nu_1} x_1^{\nu_1} x_2^{\nu_2} \cdots x_n^{\nu_n}$  for  $p \leq \nu_1 \leq 2p-1$ . Counterexamples show that this is not generally true. In our proof we had overlooked the fact that the formula on p. 437 does not represent  $\sigma$  if  $2k^* > 2p-1-\nu_1$ .

Correction. The statement is valid under the additional hypothesis that  $\nu_1+\nu_2+\cdots+\nu_n\leq 2p-1$ . Indeed, then a direct verification yields  $\sigma=0$  in the case  $2k^*>2p-1-\nu_1$ .

In order to close the gap which now appears in the proof of the theorem we first observe that the operator (2.1) transforms  $x_1^{\nu_1}x_2^{\nu_2}\cdots x_n^{\nu_n}$  into a sum of terms of degree  $\nu_1+\nu_2+\cdots+\nu_n$ . From this and the above assertion we infer that (3.8) is true if

(A) 
$$p \leq \nu_1 \leq 2p-1$$
 and  $\nu_1 + \nu_2 + \cdots + \nu_n \leq 2p-1$ .

Hence, under the same assumptions,

(B) 
$$\frac{\partial^{\nu_1+\nu_2+\cdots+\nu_n}w(-x_1,x_2,\cdots,x_n)}{\partial x_1^{\nu_1}\partial x_2^{\nu_2}\cdots\partial x_n^{\nu_n}} = \frac{\partial^{\nu_1+\nu_2+\cdots+\nu_n}v(x_1,x_2,\cdots,x_n)}{\partial x_1^{\nu_1}\partial x_2^{\nu_2}\cdots\partial x_n^{\nu_n}},$$

everywhere on S. We conclude that (B) and (3.8) remain valid if the second condition (A) is dropped. Now we can follow the previous reasoning.

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