Instructions to Authors

Communications in **Mathematical Physics**

The instructions should be read carefully before preparing the manuscript.

A. General

Papers submitted for publication should preferably be written in English.

A summary for Zentralblatt für Mathematik should be attached. Manuscripts (in duplicate) must be in their final form and typed on one side of the paper only in double-line spacing with wide margins. The author should also keep a copy of the manuscript. An abstract must be included. Normally, only printer's errors should be corrected in the proofs. A charge is made for extensive changes not due to typesetting errors, intro-

Formulae should be typewritten whenever possible.

duced at the proof stage.

Special markings should be explained in a "Note to the printer" (see suggestions in section B). Copies produced by matrix printer are not accepted unless clearly legible.

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The list of references at the end of the paper should always be in alphabetical order and include the names and initials of all authors (see examples below). Names of journals and book series should be abbreviated in accordance with Zentralblatt für Mathematik. Whenever possible, please replace all references to papers accepted

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When styling the references, the following examples should be observed:

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3. or [G] Gromov, M.: Large Riemannian manifolds. In: Shiohama, K., Sakai, T., Sunada, T. (eds.) Curvature and topology of Riemannian manifolds. Proceedings, Katata 1985. Lecture Notes Mathematics, Vol. 1201, pp. 108–121. Berlin, Heidelberg, New York: Springer 1986

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B. Color coding

Manuscripts must be marked according to the following rules unless produced on a golfball/daisy typewriter or on a good-quality printer and the desired fonts (Greek, script, special roman, boldface, etc.) are clearly recognizable. Special letters or symbols should be explained in a "Note to the printer". Unmarked manuscripts may have to be returned to the authors, which may cause a delay in publication.

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Manuscripts produced by computer typesetting with a daisy wheel or laser printer, or by manual typing with special fonts require marking only of special symbols, and distinguishing between 0 and O, 0 and o, and 1 and 1. Special letters or symbols should be explained in a "Note to the Printer." In other cases the following instructions should be followed.

The words "Theorem", "Lemma", "Corollary", "Proposition" etc. are normally printed in bold-face, followed by the formulation in *italics* (to be underlined in the manuscript), the end of which should be clearly indicated. The words "Proof", "Remark", "Example", "Note" etc. are printed in *italics* with the formulation in ordinary (roman) typeface, and Definition in boldface. The text of the definition itself should be in roman except for the concept defined, which should be in *italics*. Words or sentences to be set in italics should be marked by single underlining. If the material underlined in the manuscript is to be typeset with underlining (and not set in italics), this must be explained to the printer.

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Letters in formulae are printed in *italics* and figures in roman, if not marked otherwise. It will help the printer if in doubtful cases the position of indices and exponents is marked thus: h_{fi} , a^{\forall} . Spacing of indices and exponents must be specially indicated $(A_m^n)^m$ otherwise they will be set (A_m^n) .

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Please take care to distinguish these capital letters by double underlining.

C. Examples

1. Special alphabets or typefaces

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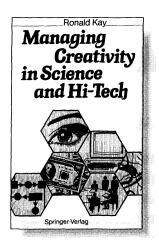
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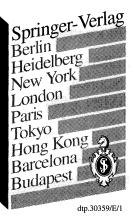
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