

## STABLE HOMOTOPY THEORY OVER A FIXED BASE SPACE

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Communicated by Glen E. Bredon, August 30, 1973

A spectral sequence which may be regarded as an 'Adams spectral sequence over a fixed space  $B$ ' has been constructed by J. F. McClendon [6] and J.-P. Meyer [8]. This note describes a generalization in which there is no need for any orientability assumptions. The construction is carried out in a suitable stable category, which may be of independent interest. An application to the enumeration of immersions is given. Details will appear elsewhere.

**1. A stable category.** Let  $Ex-B$  denote the category of ex-spaces (in the terminology of [4]) of the path-connected complex  $B$ . It is known that the corresponding homotopy category  $(Ex-B)_h$  exhibits certain stability properties [4, Theorem 6.4]. One can construct a category  $\mathcal{S}/B$ , in which the corresponding stable homotopy theory can be investigated, by formalizing the notion of a 'bundle' over  $B$  with fibre a  $CW$  spectrum (in the sense of [3], [11]). The details are as follows. If  $F_1, F_2, F$  are objects of the category  $\mathcal{S}$  of  $CW$  spectra, there is a simplicial set of morphisms  $\text{Mor}_{\mathcal{S}}(F_1, F_2)$ ; and  $\text{Mor}_{\mathcal{S}}(F, F)$  is a simplicial monoid whose invertible elements form a simplicial group  $\text{Aut}_{\mathcal{S}}F$ . We take  $B$  to be a simplicial set rather than a space.

**DEFINITION.** An *object* of  $\mathcal{S}/B$  is a pair  $(F, \xi)$  where  $F \in \text{ob } \mathcal{S}$  and  $\xi$  is a principal simplicial  $\text{Aut}_{\mathcal{S}}F$ -bundle over  $B$ .

A *morphism* from  $(F_1, \xi_1)$  to  $(F_2, \xi_2)$  is a section of the simplicial bundle with fibre  $\text{Mor}_{\mathcal{S}}(F_1, F_2)$  associated to the principal  $(\text{Aut}_{\mathcal{S}}F_1 \times \text{Aut}_{\mathcal{S}}F_2)$ -bundle  $\xi_1 \times \xi_2$  over  $B$ .

This category inherits much of the usual machinery of stable homotopy theory from Boardman's category  $\mathcal{S}$ ; for example, it has an invertible translation-suspension functor  $S_B$ , arbitrary wedges, and smash-product functors. The corresponding homotopy category  $(\mathcal{S}/B)_h$  is additive, and triangulated with respect to  $S_B$ , and the axioms of Puppe [9] hold. There is a *stabilization functor*  $(Ex-B)_h \rightarrow (\mathcal{S}/B)_h$  which is bijective on morphism-sets  $[X, Y]_B$  of  $(Ex-B)_h$  whenever  $X$  is a relative  $CW$  ex-space of  $B$ ,  $Y$  is an ex-space fibred over  $B$  (with fibre  $F$ , say) and  $\dim(X-B) \leq 2 \text{ conn } F$ .

**2. A cohomology theory on  $\mathcal{S}/B$ .** Let  $p$  be a prime, and let  $\rho: \pi_1 B \rightarrow GL(V)$  be a semisimple representation of  $\pi_1 B$  on a finite-dimensional vector

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AMS (MOS) subject classifications (1970). Primary 55H15; Secondary 55B25, 55G35, 57D40.

space  $V$  over  $Z/pZ$ . Then  $\rho$  gives rise to a system of twisted coefficients on  $B$ , and hence to a cohomology theory on  $Ex-B$ . We define a corresponding cohomology functor on  $\mathcal{S}/B$  by constructing a representing object  $K(\rho) \in \text{ob}(\mathcal{S}/B)$ . This object is a ‘bundle’ with fibre the Eilenberg-Mac Lane spectrum  $K(V) \in \text{ob } \mathcal{S}$ , and is a stable version of the Eilenberg-Mac Lane bundles in [10].

As the analogue ‘over  $B$ ’ of the Steenrod algebra  $A_p^*$ , we obtain a graded abelian category  $A_{B,p}^*$  as follows. The objects are the finite-dimensional, semisimple representations of  $\pi_1 B$  over the field  $Z/pZ$ : the morphisms from a representation  $\rho$  to a representation  $\sigma$  form the graded abelian group  $\{K(\rho), K(\sigma)\}_B^*$ , where  $\{ , \}_B^*$  denotes graded homotopy classes in  $\mathcal{S}/B$ . Composition is evident. We regard  $A_{B,p}^*$  as a ‘ring with several objects’, and introduce the corresponding abelian category of graded left modules  $A_{B,p}^* \text{-mod}$ : this is just the category of additive functors from  $A_{B,p}^*$  to the category of graded abelian groups.

The functors on  $\mathcal{S}/B$  represented by the various  $K(\rho)$  now unite to give a cohomology functor

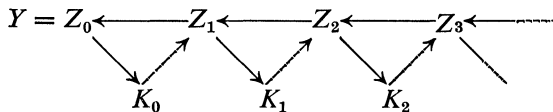
$$H^*( ; p): (\mathcal{S}/B)_h \rightarrow A_{B,p}^* \text{-mod}.$$

When  $B$  is simply-connected,  $A_{B,p}^* \text{-mod}$  is equivalent to the category of graded left modules over the Massey-Peterson semitensor algebra  $H^*(B; Z/pZ) \circ A_p^*$  [7].

**3. A spectral sequence.** We wish to use the foregoing cohomology theory to construct an Adams spectral sequence for  $\{X, Y\}_B^*$ , where  $X$  and  $Y$  are bundles of spectra over  $B$ . As in the classical Adams spectral sequence, it is necessary to impose some finiteness assumption on  $X$ , and finite type assumption on  $Y$ , to ensure existence and convergence of the spectral sequence. We shall assume the following:

- (i)  $\pi_1 B$  has only finitely many distinct irreducible finite-dimensional representations over  $Z/pZ$ .
- (ii) For each such irreducible  $\rho$ , the groups  $H^*(B; \rho)$  and  $H^*(Y; \rho)$  are finitely-generated in each dimension.
- (iii) The fibre-spectrum  $F$  of  $Y$  is highly-connected, and  $\pi_* F$  is finitely-generated in each dimension.
- (iv)  $X$  is the image in  $\mathcal{S}/B$  of a finite (relative)  $CW$  ex-space of  $B$ .

Under these conditions, there is a diagram in  $\mathcal{S}/B$  with exact triangles (dotted morphisms have degree  $-1$ )



such that the induced cohomology diagram

$$H^*(Y; p) \leftarrow H^*(K_0; p) \leftarrow H^*(K_1; p) \leftarrow \cdots$$

is a minimal free resolution of  $H^*(Y; p)$  in  $A_{B,p}^*$ -mod. We now obtain a Cartan-Eilenberg system by applying the functor  $\{X, \}_B^*$ , and hence a spectral sequence.

**THEOREM.** *Under the conditions (i)–(iv) above, this spectral sequence has*

$$E_2^{s,t} \approx \text{Ext}_{A_{B,p}^* \text{-mod}}^{s,t}(H^*(Y; p), H^*(X; p))$$

*and converges to the quotient of  $\{X, Y\}_B^*$  by the subgroup of torsion elements of order prime to  $p$ .*

The proof uses the existence of nonsimple modified Postnikov towers [10], and otherwise follows the convergence proof of [1].

Smash- and composition-product pairings can be introduced into the spectral sequence. The former can be used to give it the structure of a module over the usual Adams spectral sequence for the stable stems.

**4. The enumeration of immersions.** By the immersion theory of M. Hirsch, the regular homotopy classes of smooth immersions of a smooth manifold  $M^m$  in  $R^{m+n}$  are enumerated for  $n > 1$  by liftings in the diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & BO_n \\ & & \downarrow \\ M^m & \xrightarrow{\nu} & BO \end{array}$$

where  $\nu$  represents the stable normal bundle. According to a theorem of J. C. Becker [2], in the case  $m \leq 2n - 2$  these liftings are enumerated by difference classes in a certain stable track group in  $Ex-BO$ , which becomes a morphism group in  $(\mathcal{S}/BO)_n$  and hence can be calculated from the spectral sequence. Calculation with specific resolutions for the spectrum bundle obtained from  $BO_n \rightarrow BO$  yields the following results for real projective spaces.

**THEOREM.** *Suppose  $P^m$  immerses in  $R^{2m-k}$ , where  $0 \leq k \leq 5$  and  $(m-k) \geq 7$ . Then the difference group for such immersions is as given in Table 1. In particular, the number of regular homotopy classes is given by the order of the appropriate group.*

This theorem extends special cases of results of I. M. James and P. E. Thomas [5], and appears to agree with recent calculations of H. A. Salomonsen, who uses a more geometric approach. The ambiguities in the table are due to undetermined higher differentials.

$k \backslash m$	0	1	2	3	4	5
$8q$	$Z$	$Z_2$	0	0	0	$Z_8$ or $Z_4$
$8q+1$	$Z_2$	$Z_2+Z_2+Z_2$	$Z_2+Z_2$	$Z_8+Z_2+Z_3$	0	0
$8q+2$	$Z$	$Z_4$	$Z_2$	$Z_2$	0	$Z_8$ or $Z_4$
$8q+3$	$Z_2$	$Z_4+Z_2$	$Z_8+Z_4$	$Z_8+Z_8+Z_4+Z_4+Z_2+Z_3$	$Z_8+Z_8$	$Z_8+Z_4$
$8q+4$	$Z$	$Z_2$	0	0	0	$Z_8$ or $Z_4$
$8q+5$	$Z_2$	$Z_2+Z_2+Z_2$	$Z_2+Z_2$	$Z_8+Z_2+Z_3$	0	0
$8q+6$	$Z$	$Z_4$	$Z_2$	$Z_2+Z_2$	$Z_2+Z_2$	$Z_8+Z_2+Z_2$ or $Z_4+Z_2+Z_2$
$8q+7$	$Z_2$	$Z_4+Z_2$	$Z_8+Z_4$	$Z_{16}+Z_4+Z_4+Z_4+Z_2+Z_3$	$Z_{16}+Z_8+Z_2$	$Z_{16}+Z_8+Z_2$

Table 1. Difference groups of immersions of  $RP^m$  in  $R^{2m-k}$  ( $m - k \geq 7$ ).

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