## CORRECTION TO "THE EXISTENCE AND UNIQUENESS OF STATIONARY MEASURES FOR MARKOV-RENEWAL PROCESSES"

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There is a defect in the proof of the uniqueness of  $\pi$  given in [1]. On page 1452, lines 24 and 25, it is stated that  $M_{ij}^*(t) = M_{ij}(t)$  implies  $G_{ij}^*(t) = G_{ij}(t)$ . The former does imply that each state in the time-reversed process is recurrent but says nothing about the communication of the various states in the time-reversed process. Thus, there is no reason for  $G_{ij}^*(t) = 1$  for  $i \neq j$  and, in fact,  $G_{ij}^*(t)$  has not been defined. We rectify that here.

The proper definition of  $G_{\nu}^{*}(t)$  is (see [2])

$$G_{ij}^{*}(t) = c_{i}^{-1}c_{j}H_{i} * \sum_{k \neq j} p_{jk j}M_{ki}(t)$$
 if  $i \neq j$   
=  $G_{ji}(t)$  if  $i = j$ .

Thus,  $G_{ij}^*(+\infty) = c_i^{-1}c_j \sum_{k\neq j} p_{jk \ j} M_{ki}(+\infty) = c_i^{-1}c_{j \ j} M_{ji}(+\infty) > 0$  and all states communicate in the time-reversed process so that it, too, is irreducible.

Without loss of generality, we set  $c_0 = 1$ . Then, letting j = 0, we have  $1 \ge G_{i0}^*(+\infty) = c_i^{-1}$  ${}_0M_{0i}(+\infty) = c_i^{-1}m_i$ . Thus,  $c_i \ge m_i$  for all  $i \in I^+$  and  $c_i - m_i$  is a nonnegative solution of

$$x_j = \sum_{i,k} x_i p_{ik} (1 - H_i) * M_{kj}(t)$$

for all t > 0 that vanishes at i = 0. Such a solution must vanish identically and  $c_i = m_i$  for  $i \in I^+$ .

Two more proofs of the uniqueness of  $\pi$  are given in [2]. One involves using the  $\pi$  time-reversed process. The other does not use time-reversals and hence can be adapted to processes that are more general, e.g., those that may not have a last state or even a next state.

## REFERENCES

- [1] PYKE, RONALD and SCHAUFELE, RONALD (1966). The existence and uniqueness of stationary measures for Markov renewal processes. *Ann. Math. Statist.* 37 1439-1462.
- [2] SCHAUFELE, RONALD A. (1980). A class of time-reversible semi-Markov processes. Unpublished manuscript.

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