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## On *p*-Sylow Subgroups of Groups of Self Homotopy Equivalences of Sphere Bundles over Spheres

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## Dedicated to Professor Nobuo Shimada on his 60th birthday

## Introduction

The set  $\mathscr{E}(X)$  of homotopy classes of homotopy equivalences of a space X to itself forms a group under composition of maps. This group  $\mathscr{E}(X)$  has been investigated by several authors (e.g. [2], [7] and [12]).

In the case where X is an  $S^m$ -bundle over  $S^n$ , the group  $\mathscr{E}(X)$  has been investigated for  $X = V_{n,2}$  and  $W_{n,2}$  by Y. Nomura [10] and for X with 3 < m+1 < n < 2m-2 by S. Sasao [13], where  $V_{n,2} = O(n)/O(n-2)$ and  $W_{n,2} = U(n)/U(n-2)$  are the real and complex Stiefel manifolds respectively.

In this note, we study the *p*-Sylow subgroup of  $\mathscr{E}(X)$  for an  $S^m$ bundle X over  $S^n$  with a mod p H-structure such that  $i_{(p)}: S^m_{(p)} \to X_{(p)}$  is an H-map, where m and n are odd integers,  $S^m_{(p)}$  and  $X_{(p)}$  are localizations of  $S^m$  and X at  $\{p\}$  respectively and  $i_{(p)}$  is the localization of the inclusion  $i: S^m \subset X$  at  $\{p\}$ . Our main result is as follows:

**Theorem 4.5.** Let *m* and *n* be odd integers such that  $3 \leq m < n-1$ , and let  $S^m \xrightarrow{i} X \xrightarrow{q} S^n$  be an  $S^m$ -bundle over  $S^n$ . Let *p* be an odd prime. If  $S^m_{(p)}$  and  $X_{(p)}$  are *H*-spaces such that  $i_{(p)}: S^m_{(p)} \to X_{(p)}$  is an *H*-map, then the group  $\mathscr{E}(X)$  is a finite group with a unique *p*-Sylow subgroup  $\widetilde{S}_p$  given by the semi direct product

$$\widetilde{S}_{p} \cong \pi_{m+n}(X;p) \times \pi_{n}(S^{m};p),$$

where  $\alpha T \beta = \alpha + i \circ \beta \circ q \circ \alpha$  for  $\alpha \in \pi_{m+n}(X; p)$  and  $\beta \in \pi_n(S^m; p)$ .

In Section 1, we determine the *p*-Sylow subgroup of  $\mathscr{E}(S^m \cup e^n)$ (Proposition 1.3). In Section 2, we define a homomorphism  $j^1 \colon \mathscr{E}(X) \to \mathscr{E}(K)$  and study the *p*-Sylow subgroup of Im  $j^1$  (Lemma 2.7). In Section

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