

# THE TOTAL SPACE OF UNIVERSAL FIBRATIONS

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**It is shown that the total space of a universal fibration for a fibre  $F$  is a classifying space for the monoid of self homotopy equivalences of  $F$  which fix the base point.**

For any space  $F$ , there exists a universal Hurewicz fibration  $F \rightarrow E_\infty \rightarrow B_\infty$ , where  $B_\infty$  is a  $CW$  complex which classifies Hurewicz fibrations over  $CW$  complexes (See Dold [2], Theorem 16.9.). Now  $B_\infty$  is the Dold-Lashof classifying space for the monoid of self homotopy equivalence of  $F$ , which we shall denote by  $F^F$ . At least, this is the case when  $F$  is a  $CW$  complex. (See Allaud [1], § IV.) The purpose of this note is to show that  $E_\infty$  is the classifying space for the monoid of self equivalences of  $F$  leaving the base point fixed, denoted  $F_0^F$ , when  $F$  is a  $CW$  complex with homotopy equivalent path components. In fact, we shall show  $E_\infty$  is the base space of a Serre fibration with fibre  $F_0^F$  and a total space which is essentially contractible. We need this characterization of  $E_\infty$  in order to calculate the induced homomorphism on integral cohomology of the evaluation map  $\omega: X^X \rightarrow X$  where  $X = CP^n$ . This is done in [3].

Let  $D = p^*(E_\infty)$ , the pullback of  $E_\infty$  by  $p: E_\infty \rightarrow B_\infty$ . Thus  $D = \{(e, e') \in E_\infty \times E_\infty \mid p(e) = p(e')\}$ , and  $\bar{p}: D \rightarrow E_\infty$  given by  $\bar{p}(e, e') = e$  is the projection. Let  $D_0^F$  be the set of maps of  $F \rightarrow D$  endowed with the  $C-0$  topology such that:

- (a) Each map carries  $F$  into some fibre of  $D \xrightarrow{p} E_\infty$  and is a homotopy equivalence of  $F$  and the fibre.
- (b) Each map carries the base point,  $*$ , into a point of the form  $(e, e)$ .

Let  $q: D_0^F \rightarrow E_\infty$  be given by  $q(f) = \bar{p} \circ f(*)$ .

## THEOREM.

- (1)  $q$  is a Serre Fibration, and if  $F$  is locally compact  $q$  is a Hurewicz fibration.
- (2) The fibre of  $q$  is  $F_0^F$ .
- (3) There is a fibrewise action  $D_0^F \times F_0^F \rightarrow D_0^F$  if  $F$  is locally compact.
- (4)  $D_0^F$  is essentially contractible.

*Proof of (1).* First note that  $q$  is onto since all the components of  $F$  have the same homotopy type.

We shall assume that  $F$  has a whisker. That is, assume  $F$  has

the form  $J \vee F'$  where  $J$  is the unit interval with the base point  $*$  being the 1 and with  $0 \in F'$ . Every space is homotopy equivalent to a space of this type, so we do not lose any generality.

Let  $X$  be a compact polyhedron (or  $F$  is locally compact). We must show that  $p$  has the covering homotopy property with respect to any map  $X \rightarrow D_0^F$ . Since  $X$  is compact (or  $F$  is locally compact)  $X \times F$  is a  $CW$  complex; so we may consider the adjoint map

$$f: X \times F \longrightarrow D ,$$

where  $f$  is a fibre preserving map which carries  $X \times *$  into  $\Delta \subset D$ , where  $\Delta = \{(e, e) \mid e \in E_\infty\}$ . Then the covering homotopy property translates into a statement involving a fibre homotopy of  $f$  which at each stage sends  $X \times *$  into  $\Delta$ . Reflecting on the definition of  $D$ , we see that the covering homotopy property is equivalent to the following statement: Let  $f: X \times F \rightarrow E_\infty$  be a fibre map and let  $h_i: X \rightarrow E_\infty$  be any homotopy such that  $h_0(x) = f(x, *)$  for all  $x \in X$ . Then there exists a fibre homotopy  $\tilde{h}_i: X \times F \rightarrow E_\infty$  such that  $\tilde{h}_i(x, *) = h_i(x)$  and  $\tilde{h}_0 = f$ .

Now this statement is a special case of the statement that  $q$  has the covering homotopy extension property for the space  $X \times F$  relative to  $X \times *$ . See Hu, page 62 [4] for the definition. But this follows from Satz 5.38, page 107 in [5]. (The fact that  $*$  is on the end of a whisker allows us to satisfy the technical requirements of Satz 5.38 concerning a halo about  $X \times *$ .)

*Proof of (4).* First note that (2) and (3) are obviously true. The action in (3),  $D_0^F \times F_0^F \rightarrow D_0^F$  is given by  $(g, f) \rightarrow g \circ f$ . (This action is continuous if  $F$  is locally compact.)

Now we shall show that  $D_0^F$  is essentially contractible. That is, any map  $X \rightarrow D_0^F$  is homotopy trivial if  $X$  is a finite  $CW$  complex. Consider the adjoint map  $g: X \times F \rightarrow D$ . Then  $g$  is defined by, and defines, a fibre map  $h: X \times F \rightarrow E_\infty$  by means of the relation

$$g(x, y) = (h(x, *), h(x, y)) \in D .$$

Now  $h$  can be extended to a fibre map  $H: CX \times F \rightarrow E_\infty$ , (because  $E_\infty^F$  is essentially contractible, [1] Theorem 4.1). We define a fibre map  $G: CX \times F \rightarrow D$  by

$$G(x, y) = (H(x, *), H(x, y)) , \quad x \in CX, y \in F .$$

Note that  $G$  extends  $g$ . The adjoint situation now shows that our original map  $X \rightarrow D_0^F$  factors through  $X \rightarrow CX \rightarrow D_0^F$ .

COROLLARY.

$$\pi_i(E_\infty) \cong \pi_{i-1}(F_0^F) .$$

This corollary plays an important role in the computation of the homomorphisms induced in cohomology by the evaluation map  $\omega: F^F \rightarrow F$ . The program is based on the use of the Federer spectral sequence and obstruction theory to compute some homotopy groups of  $F_0^F$ , and hence of  $E_\infty$  by the corollary. From the homotopy group information, we obtain information about the cohomology of  $E_\infty$ . Then we use the Serre exact sequence and the slogan “ $\omega^*$  factors through the transgression” to recover information about  $\omega^*$ .

This program has been used successfully to compute  $\omega^*$  for  $H^2(CP^n; Z)$ . See Theorem 16 of [3].

#### REFERENCES

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