

UNITARY COLLIGATIONS IN Π_κ -SPACES, CHARACTERISTIC FUNCTIONS AND ŠTRAUS EXTENSIONS

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Dedicated to Earl A. Coddington on the occasion of his 65th birthday.

The main result of this paper is the description of certain linear manifolds $T(\lambda)$, associated with a symmetric operator, in terms of certain boundary values of the characteristic function of a unitary colligation.

1. Introduction. Let $\mathfrak{H}$ be a Hilbert space and let $\tilde{\mathfrak{H}}$ be a π_κ -space, i.e., a Pontryagin space with κ negative squares, such that $\tilde{\mathfrak{H}}$ contains $\mathfrak{H}$ and the indefinite inner product on $\tilde{\mathfrak{H}}$ restricted to $\mathfrak{H}$ coincides with the Hilbert inner product on $\mathfrak{H}$; we denote this situation by $\mathfrak{H} \subset_s \tilde{\mathfrak{H}}$. Let A be a selfadjoint subspace in $\tilde{\mathfrak{H}}^2$ with nonempty resolvent set $\rho(A)$. With A we associate as in [8] a family $\{T(l) \mid l \in \mathbb{C} \cup \{\infty\}\}$ of linear manifolds $T(l) \subset \mathfrak{H}^2$ defined by

$$(1.1) \quad \begin{cases} T(l) = \{ \{Pf, Pg\} \mid \{f, g\} \in A, g - lf \in \mathfrak{H} \}, & l \in \mathbb{C}, \\ T(\infty) = \{ \{f, Pg\} \mid \{f, g\} \in A, f \in \mathfrak{H} \}. \end{cases}$$

Here P denotes the orthogonal projection from $\tilde{\mathfrak{H}}$ onto $\mathfrak{H}$. We note that $A \cap \mathfrak{H}^2$ is a symmetric subspace in $\mathfrak{H}^2$, with adjoint $(P^{(2)}A)^c$, i.e., the closure in $\mathfrak{H}^2$ of the set

$$P^{(2)}A = \{ \{Pf, Pg\} \mid \{f, g\} \in A \}.$$

The following inclusions are obvious:

$$A \cap \mathfrak{H}^2 \subset T(l) \subset P^{(2)}A, \quad l \in \mathbb{C} \cup \{\infty\},$$

and also

$$T(\bar{l}) \subset T(l)^*, \quad l \in \mathbb{C} \cup \{\infty\},$$

with equality when $l \in \rho(A)$.

Now let S be a symmetric subspace in $\mathfrak{H}^2$. We consider the selfadjoint extensions $A \subset \tilde{\mathfrak{H}}^2$ of S , with nonempty resolvent set $\rho(A)$, where $\mathfrak{H} \subset_s \tilde{\mathfrak{H}}$. The corresponding families $\{T(l) \mid l \in \mathbb{C} \cup \{\infty\}\}$, form the class of Štraus extensions of S and $T(l)$ for $l \in \mathbb{C} \setminus \mathbb{R}$ was characterized in [8], to which