

## VISCOSITY SOLUTIONS OF NONLINEAR SECOND ORDER ELLIPTIC PDES INVOLVING NONLOCAL OPERATORS

Dedicated to Professor Hiroki Tanabe in commemoration of his sixtieth birthday

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### 1. Introduction

This paper deals with viscosity solutions of nonlinear degenerate elliptic partial differential equations (PDEs) involving nonlocal operators.

To begin with, we show model problems. Let  $\Omega \subset \mathbf{R}^N$  be a bounded domain.

Model I. (*Integro-differential equation with obstacle*)

$$(1.1) \quad \begin{cases} \max \{Lu - f, u - \varphi\} = 0 & \text{in } \Omega, \\ u(x) = \int_{\Omega} u(y) Q(dy, x) & \text{for } x \in \partial\Omega, \end{cases}$$

where  $L$  is an integro-differential operator of the form:

$$Lu(x) = - \sum_{i=1}^N g_i(x) u_{x_i}(x) + \alpha(x) u(x) + \lambda(x) \int_{\Omega} (u(x) - u(y)) Q(dy, x),$$

and  $Q(\cdot, x)$  is a probability measure in  $\Omega$  for  $x \in \bar{\Omega}$ .

Model II. (*Second order elliptic PDE with implicit obstacle*)

$$(1.2) \quad \begin{cases} \max \{Lu - f, u - Mu\} = 0 & \text{in } \Omega, \\ \max \{u - g, u - Mu\} = 0 & \text{on } \partial\Omega, \end{cases}$$

where  $L$  denotes the following linear (possibly degenerate) second order elliptic operator:

$$Lu(x) = - \sum_{i,j=1}^N a_{ij}(x) u_{x_i x_j}(x) + \sum_{i=1}^N b_i(x) u_{x_i}(x) + c(x) u(x)$$

and  $Mu$  is a nonlocal term defined by

$$Mu(x) = \inf \{k(\xi) + u(x + \xi) \mid \xi \in (\mathbf{R}^+)^N, x + \xi \in \bar{\Omega}\}.$$

Model I is derived from the optimal stopping problem for piecewise-deterministic (PD) processes. S.M. Lenhart-Y.C. Liao [8] discussed the optimal