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## A NOTE ON AZUMAYA'S THEOREM

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We say that a left  $\Lambda$ -module M is a cogenerator of the category of left  $\Lambda$ -modules if for every submodule  $N_1$  of a left  $\Lambda$ -module N there exists a  $\Lambda$ -homomorphism f from N to M such that  $f(N_1) \neq 0$ . Let  $\{I_{\alpha}\}$  be the full set of non isomorphic irreducible  $\Lambda$ -modules, and  $\{E_{\alpha}\}$  be the set of their injective hulls. Then a left  $\Lambda$ -module M is a cogenerator if and only if M contains every  $E_{\alpha}$ . In this case the sum of all  $E_{\alpha}$ 's is a direct sum by Zorn's Lemma (see Lemma 1[3]). A cogenerator is a faithful module (Lemma 2). The aim of this paper is to compare the ring for which every faithful module is a cogenerator (see G. Azumaya [1]). We assume every ring has units and every module is unitary.

**Lemma 1.** Let M be a left  $\Lambda$ -module and A be an arbitrary set of index. Then the followings are equivalent.

- (1) M is a cogenerator
- (2)  $\sum_{\nu \in A}^{\oplus} M_{\nu} (M_{\nu} \cong M)$  is a cogenerator
- (3)  $\Pi_{\nu \in A} M_{\nu} (M_{\nu} \simeq M)$  is a cogenerator

Proof.  $(1) \Rightarrow (2) \Rightarrow (3)$  is clear by Lemma 1 [3]. So we shall prove  $(3) \Rightarrow (1)$ . Choose any  $E_{\alpha}$ , then we have  $\Lambda$ -maps  $E_{\alpha} \xrightarrow{\tau} \prod M_{\nu} \xrightarrow{\pi_{\nu}} M_{\nu}$  where  $\tau$  is a monomorphism and  $\pi_{\nu}$  are the canonical maps. Let  $f_{\nu} = \pi_{\nu} \cdot \tau$  then we see  $\bigcap \ker f_{\nu} = 0$ . If  $\ker f_{\nu} \neq 0$  for every  $\nu \in A$ , then  $I_{\alpha} \subseteq \bigcap \ker f_{\nu} \neq 0$  since  $I_{\alpha}$  is irreducible and  $E_{\alpha}$  is an essential extension of  $I_{\alpha}$ . Hence  $M_{\nu}$  has an isomorphic image of  $E_{\alpha}$  and M is a cogenerator.

**Corollary 1.** A ring  $\Lambda$  is a self-cogenerator ring if and only if every  $E_{\alpha}$ , *i.e.*,  $\sum_{\alpha} E_{\alpha}$  is projective.

Proof. If  $\sum_{\sigma} E_{\sigma}$  is projective,  $\sum_{\sigma} E_{\sigma} < \bigoplus \sum_{\sigma} \Lambda$ , and  $\sum_{\sigma} \Lambda$  is a cogenerator. Hence  $\Lambda$  is a cogenerator by Lemma 1. Conversely if  $\Lambda$  is a cogenerator,  $\Lambda \bigoplus > E_{\sigma}$ , and  $E_{\sigma}$  is projective.

**Lemma 2.** If M is a cogenerator and  $\mathfrak{l}$  is a left ideal of  $\Lambda$ , then  $\mathfrak{l}=l_{\Lambda}(r_{M}(\mathfrak{l}))$ . Hence every cogenerator is faithful. Conversely assume that  $\Lambda$  is a left self-cogenerator ring. Then every faithful module is a cogenerator.