

SOME NOTES ON THE GENERAL GALOIS THEORY OF RINGS

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Introduction

In [2] M. Auslander and O. Goldman introduced the notion of a Galois extension of commutative rings. Further work by D. K. Harrison [9] indicates that the notion of a Galois extension will have significant applications in the general theory of rings. T. Kanzaki, in this journal, proved a "Fundamental Theorem of Galois Theory" for an outer Galois extension of a central separable algebra over a commutative ring. We generalize, complete, and give a new shorter proof of this result. The inspiration for the improvements in Kanzaki's result came from a paper by S. U. Chase, D. K. Harrison and A. Rosenberg [4].

This author in [6] began the study of 'Galois algebras'. These are not necessarily commutative Galois (in the sense of [2]) extensions of a commutative ring. Here we continue that study by extending some of the results in [4] and by proving a generalized normal basis type theorem in this setting. This paper forms a portion of the author's Doctoral Dissertation at the University of Oregon. The author is indebted to D. K. Harrison for his advice and encouragement.

Section 0

Throughout Λ will denote a K algebra, C will denote the center of Λ ($C = \mathfrak{Z}(\Lambda)$). G will denote a finite group represented as ring automorphisms of Λ and Γ the subring of all elements of Λ left invariant by all the automorphisms in G ($\Gamma = \Lambda^G$).

Let $\Delta(\Lambda : G)$ be the crossed product of Λ and G with trivial factor set. That is

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta(\Lambda : G) &= \sum_{\sigma \in G} \Lambda U_{\sigma} && \text{such that} \\ x_1 U_{\sigma} x_2 U_{\tau} &= x_1 \sigma(x_2) U_{\sigma\tau} && x_1, x_2 \in \Lambda ; \sigma, \tau \in G. \end{aligned}$$