

# A CRITERION FOR A SET AND ITS IMAGE UNDER QUASICONFORMAL MAPPING TO BE OF $\alpha$ ( $0 < \alpha \leq 2$ )-DIMENSIONAL MEASURE ZERO

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Let  $w = w(z)$  be any  $K$ -quasiconformal mapping (in the sense of Pfluger-Ahlfors) of a domain  $D$  in the  $z$ -plane into the  $w$ -plane. Since  $w = w(z)$  is a measurable mapping (vid. Bers [1]), it transforms any set of Hausdorff's 2-dimensional measure zero in  $D$  into such another one. However, A. Mori [5] showed that for  $0 < \alpha \leq 2$ , any set of  $\frac{\alpha}{K}$ -dimensional measure zero in a Jordan domain  $D$  is transformed by  $w = w(z)$  into a set of  $\alpha$ -dimensional measure zero. Further, Beurling and Ahlfors [2] proved that even the set of 1-dimensional measure zero on a segment  $S$  in  $D$  is not always transformed into such another one under  $w = w(z)$  transforming  $S$  into another segment.

In this paper motivated by the above results, by extending our argument in the previous paper [3] where the following lemma due to Teichmüller is very useful, we shall give a criterion for both some closed set  $E$  in a Jordan domain  $D$  and its image set by any  $K$ -quasiconformal mapping  $w = w(z)$  of  $D$  to be of  $\alpha$ -dimensional measure zero, where  $0 < \alpha \leq 2$ .

Lemma (Teichmüller [6]). If one of the complementary continua of a doubly connected domain  $R$  contains  $z = 0$  and  $z = re^{i\theta}$  and the other contains  $z = \infty$  and  $z = \rho e^{i\varphi}$ , then it holds

$$\text{mod } R \leq \log \Psi\left(\frac{\rho}{r}\right).$$

where  $\log \Psi(P)$  means the modulus of Teichmüller's extremal domain.

1. Let  $E$  be a compact set in the complex plane and let its complementary set be a connected domain  $G$ .

A set  $\{R_n^{(j)}\}$  ( $j = 1, 2, \dots, \nu(n) < \infty$ ;  $n = 1, 2, \dots$ ) of doubly connected domains  $R_n^{(j)}$  will be simply referred a system inducing an exhaustion of  $G$  if it satisfies the following conditions:

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