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# A REMARK ON THE SPACE OF TESTING RANDOM VARIABLES IN THE WHITE NOISE CALCULUS

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## Dedicated to Professor Takeyuki Hida on the occasion of his sixtieth birthday

## §1. Introduction

The first author and S. Takenaka introduced the structure of a Gel'fand triplet  $\mathscr{H} \subset (L^2) \subset \mathscr{H}^*$  into Hida's calculus on generalized Brownian functionals [4–7]. They showed that the space  $\mathscr{H}$  of testing random variables has nice properties. For example,  $\mathscr{H}$  is closed under multiplication of two elements in  $\mathscr{H}$ , each element of  $\mathscr{H}$  is a continuous functional on the basic space  $\mathscr{E}^*$ , in addition it can be considered as an analytic functional, and moreover  $\exp[t\varDelta_{v}]$  ( $\varDelta_{v}$  is Volterra's Laplacian) is real analytic in  $t \in \mathbf{R}$  as a one-parameter group of operators on  $\mathscr{H}$ , etc.

In this paper, we will prove, by a method different from [4-7], that each element of  $\mathscr{H}$  is continuous on the basic space  $\mathscr{E}^*$  and by using this result we will show that the evaluation map  $\delta_x: \varphi \mapsto \varphi(x) \ (x \in \mathscr{E}^*)$ belongs to  $\mathscr{H}^*$ . The norm of  $\delta_x$  will also be estimated.

The fact that  $\delta_x$  belongs to  $\mathscr{H}^*$  is very useful in the argument of positive functionals [8].

### § 2. Gel'fand triplets

Here we will summarize fundamental facts about three Gel'fand triplets  $\mathscr{F} \subseteq \mathscr{F}^{(0)} \subseteq \mathscr{F}^*$ ,  $\exp\left[\hat{\otimes}\mathscr{E}\right] \subseteq \exp\left[\hat{\otimes}\mathcal{E}_0\right] \subseteq \exp\left[\hat{\otimes}\mathscr{E}^*\right]$  and  $\mathscr{H} \subseteq (L^2)$  $\subset \mathscr{H}^*$ , which were introduced and discussed in [4-7, 9], for later use. Let T be a separable topological space with a topological Borel field  $\mathscr{B}$ and  $\nu$  be a  $\sigma$ -finite measure on T without atoms. We suppose that there exists a Gel'fand triplet (or a rigged Hilbert space)  $\mathscr{E} \subset L^2(T, \nu) \subset \mathscr{E}^*$  (cf. [3]). Namely, the space  $\mathscr{E}$  of testing functions on T is topologized by the pro-

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