

Slow Droplet-Driven Relaxation of Stochastic Ising Models in the Vicinity of the Phase Coexistence Region

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Abstract: We consider the stochastic Ising models (Glauber dynamics) corresponding to the infinite volume basic Ising model in arbitrary dimension $d \geq 2$ with nearest neighbor interaction and under a positive external magnetic field h . Under minimal assumptions on the rates of flip (so that all the common choices are included), we obtain results which state that when the system is at low temperature T , the relaxation time when the evolution is started with all the spins down blows up, when $h \searrow 0$, as $\exp(\lambda(T)/h^{d-1})$ (the precise results are lower and upper bounds of this form). Moreover, after a time which does not scale with h and before a time which also grows as an exponential of a multiple of $1/h^{d-1}$ as $h \searrow 0$, the law of the state of the process stays, when h is small, close to the minus-phase of the same Ising model without an external field. These results may be considered as a partial vindication of a conjecture raised by Aizenman and Lebowitz in connection to the metastable behavior of these stochastic Ising models.

Contents

1. Introduction	2
1-i. The Models and Basic Techniques	4
1-ii. Main Result	14
1-iii. Heuristics	16
1-iv. Byproducts	18
1-v. Finite Systems	19
1-vi. A Simple Argument for the Presence of a Plateau.	21
2. Lower Bound on the Relaxation Time.	23
3. Upper Bound on the Relaxation Time.	30
3-i. Proof of Theorem 3	31
3-ii. Relaxation Times for Finite Systems	37

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