

# Dimension of the Commutant for the $SU(N)$ Affine Algebras

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Received December 10, 1989

**Abstract.** Explicit formulae are obtained, giving the number of independent matrices which commute with the matrices  $S$  and  $T$  describing the modular transformations of the  $SU(N)$  affine characters.

## I. Introduction

In the context of rational conformal field theories, the construction and the classification of modular invariants remains one of the major problems. In a statistical mechanics language, this corresponds to the classification of all fixed-points of the renormalization group in two dimensions.

As the Wess-Zumino-Witten models are thought to be the building blocks in the construction of RCFT's, much attention has been focused on their modular invariants. But although many such invariants are known [1], there is so far no exhaustive list, except in the cases  $SU(2)$  [2] and  $SU(N)$  at level 1 [3].

Affine modular invariants are sesquilinear forms in the affine characters

$$Z(\tau, \tau^*) = \sum [\chi_\lambda(\tau)]^* N_{\lambda\lambda'} [\chi_{\lambda'}(\tau)] ,$$

where the coefficients  $N_{\lambda\lambda'}$  are subject to appropriate conditions to make  $Z(\tau, \tau^*)$  a partition function [2].

For the affine  $SU(N)$  algebras, a systematic approach has been initiated by Bauer and Itzykson [4]. They have given a description of the commutant of the (extended) modular transformations carried by the characters. Indeed the modular invariance of  $Z(\tau, \tau^*)$  requires that the matrix  $N_{\lambda\lambda'}$  belongs to this commutant.

Within the strategy adopted in [2] which led to the ADE classification for the  $SU(2)$  invariants, finding the commutant is the first step in the classification program. An interesting alternative is the study of  $SU(N)$  lattice integrable models

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