

## Absence of Singular Continuous Spectrum for Certain Self-Adjoint Operators

E. Mourre

Centre de Physique Théorique, CNRS Marseille, F-13288 Marseille Cedex 2, France

**Abstract.** We give a sufficient condition for a self-adjoint operator to have the following properties in a neighborhood of a point  $E$  of its spectrum:

- a) its point spectrum is finite;
- b) its singular continuous spectrum is empty;
- c) its resolvent satisfies a class of a priori estimates.

### Notations, Definitions, and Main Theorem

Let  $H$  be a self-adjoint operator on a Hilbert space  $\mathcal{H}$ . We will denote by  $\mathcal{H}_n (n \in \mathbf{Z})$  the Hilbert space constructed from the spectral representation for  $H$  with the scalar product:

$$(\Phi | \Psi)_n = \int (\lambda^2 + 1)^{n/2} (\Phi | P_H(d\lambda) \Psi).$$

For functions  $P \in L^\infty(\mathbf{R})$ ,  $P_H$  will denote the associated operator given by the usual functional calculus.

$P_H(E, \delta)$  will denote the spectral projection for  $H$  onto the interval  $(E - \delta, E + \delta)$ .  $P_H^p$  and  $P_H^c$  will denote the spectral projectors respectively onto the point spectrum and the continuous spectrum of  $H$ ;  $\sigma_c(H) = \mathbf{R} \setminus \{E \in \mathbf{R} | E \text{ is an eigenvalue of } H\}$ .

If  $A$  is a self-adjoint operator and  $D(A) \cap D(H)$  is dense in  $\mathcal{H}$ ,  $i[H, A]$  will denote the symmetric form on  $D(A) \cap D(H)$  given by

$$(\Phi | i[H, A] \Psi) = i\{(H\Phi | A\Psi) - (A\Phi | H\Psi)\}$$

for  $\Psi, \Phi \in D(A) \cap D(H)$ . If this form is bounded below and closeable,  $i[H, A]^0$  will denote the self-adjoint operator associated to the closure  $[1]$ .

*1. Definition.* Let  $H$  be a self-adjoint operator on a Hilbert space with domain  $D(H)$ ; a self-adjoint operator  $A$  is a conjugate operator for  $H$  at a point  $E \in \mathbf{R}$  if and only if the following conditions hold:

- (a)  $D(A) \cap D(H)$  is a core for  $H$ .
- (b)  $e^{+iA\alpha}$  leaves the domain of  $H$  invariant and for each  $\Psi \in D(H)$

$$\sup_{|\alpha| < 1} \|He^{+iA\alpha}\Psi\| < \infty.$$