THE RADIUS OF CONVEXITY FOR A SPECIAL CLASS OF MEROMORPHIC FUNCTIONS

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Let Σ denote the class of functions $F(\zeta) = \zeta + a_0 + a_1/\zeta + \cdots$ regular in $1 < |\zeta| < \infty$. In this paper the radius of convexity for the subclass Σ_{α} defined by the additional condition Re $F'(\zeta) > \alpha$, where $0 \le \alpha < 1$, is determined. The results are sharpened for functions with missing terms in the expansion. The proofs are based on inequalities for analytic functions established by the author [3]. The functions $F(\zeta)$ are not assumed to be schlicht; in fact, the extremal functions for $\alpha < \frac{1}{2}$ will not be schlicht. It is not known whether the univalence of $F(\zeta)$ follows from the condition Re $F'(\zeta) > \frac{1}{2}$ for $R_c > |\zeta| > R > 1$. The radius of convexity ($R_c \sim 1.78$) for the class Σ with the assumption of schlichtness is due to Goluzin [1, p. 136]; Robertson [2, Theorem 4] found $R_c = 3^{1/2}$ for the subclass of schlicht and starlike functions. It will be shown that: for the class $\Sigma_{1/2}, R_c = 3^{1/2}$; and $R_c < 3^{1/2}$ for $\alpha > \frac{1}{2}$.

THEOREM 1. The radius of convexity, R_0 , for functions $F(\zeta) \in \Sigma_{\alpha}$ is given by

(1)
$$R_0^2 \leq \{[(3+c)^2 + 4c]^{1/2} + (3+c)\}/2$$

where $c = 1 - 2\alpha$.

PROOF. Let

(2)
$$h(z) \equiv F'(1/z) = 1 + b_1 z^2 + \cdots$$

From [4, Theorem 7], we have

$$\left|\frac{h'(z)}{h(z)}\right| \le \frac{2(1+c)|z|}{(1+c|z|^2)(1-|z|^2)} \text{ for } |z| < 1.$$

By differentiation of (2) we obtain

$$zh'(z)/h(z) = -\zeta F''(\zeta)/F'(\zeta).$$

The condition for convexity $\operatorname{Re}(\zeta F''(\zeta)/F'(\zeta) + 1) \ge 0$ will be satisfied if

$$2(1+c)|z|^{2} \leq (1+c|z|^{2})(1-|z|^{2}).$$

This is equivalent to $|\zeta| > R_0$. Let $p^0(z) = (1 + cz^2)/(1 - z^2)$, then $F^0(\zeta) = \zeta + [(c+1)/2][\log(\zeta - 1)/(\zeta + 1)]$

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