REMARKS CONCERNING Ext* (M, -)

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Let X be a topological space and let S (respectively α) be the category of sets (respectively abelian groups). Let S' (respectively α') be the category of sheaves of sets (respectively abelian groups) based on X, and fix a sheaf M in α' . The graded functor $\text{Ext}^*(M, -)$: $\alpha' \rightarrow \alpha$ is computed as the right derived functors of Hom(M, -), and of course $\text{Ext}^i(M, N)$ classifies *i*-fold extensions of M by N [6].

One would also like to be able to classify extensions in nonabelian categories of sheaves. Partial success in this direction has been achieved by Gray [5], but he needs to assume restrictions on X as well as on M. In [10], the author applied triple-theoretic [1] techniques to the category of sheaves of R-algebras (R a sheaf of rings), and successfully classified cohomologically singular extensions of an R-algebra P by one of its modules N.

Specifically, if G is the polynomial algebra cotriple lifted to the category of sheaves of R-algebras, if T is the Godement triple=standard construction [3], and if $\text{Der}_R(P, N)$ is the abelian group of global R-derivations from P to N, then the equivalence classes of singular extensions of P by N are in one-one correspondence with the elements of the first homology group of the double complex $\text{Der}_R(G^*P, T^*N)$. In §II of this note we prove that if G is the free abelian group cotriple lifted to \mathfrak{A}' then the *n*th homology group of the double complex $\text{Hom}(G^*M, T^*N)$ is naturally isomorphic to $\text{Ext}^n(M, N)$. The combination of this theorem and the results in [10] indicates a unified approach to the cohomological classification of extensions in many (algebraic) categories of sheaves.

In §I one can find a theorem which is part of the folklore of tripletheoretic cohomology theory, but for which no straightforward proof appears in print. The theorem is: if an abelian category has an injective cogenerator and E is the model-induced triple then $Ext^*(M, N)$ and the homology of the complex $Hom(M, E^*N)$ are naturally isomorphic (note that E is not the triple used by Schafer in [8]).

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