## AXIOM A+NO CYCLES $\Rightarrow \zeta_f(t)$ RATIONAL

BY JOHN GUCKENHEIMER

Communicated by Richard Palais, December 1, 1969

Throughout,  $f: M \rightarrow M$  is a smooth diffeomorphism of a compact  $C^{\infty}$  manifold without boundary.

Let  $N_i$  denote the number of fixed points of  $f^i$ . Then

DEFINITION.  $\zeta_f(t) = \exp \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} N_i t^i / i$  (as a formal power series in *t*). This definition, due to Artin-Mazur [1], is inspired by Weil's zeta function for a variety defined over a finite field [6]. For the connection of Weil's zeta function with the Riemann zeta function, see [3].

Recall the following definitions from Differentiable dynamical systems [4].

DEFINITION.  $x \in M$  is nonwandering if for every neighborhood U of x, there is an n > 0 such that  $f^n(U) \cap U \neq \emptyset$ .  $\Omega(f) = \Omega$  is the set of nonwandering points of f.  $\Omega$  is closed.

DEFINITION. f satisfies Axiom A if  $T_{\Omega}(M)$  has a continuous splitting  $T_{\Omega}(M) = E^{\bullet} + E^{\mu}$ , invariant under Tf, such that there exist positive constants c,  $\lambda$ ,  $\lambda < 1$  satisfying the inequalities

$$\begin{aligned} \|Tf^n\nu\| &\leq c\lambda^n \|\nu\| & \text{if } n > 0 \quad \text{and} \quad \nu \in E^*, \\ \|Tf^n\nu\| &\geq c\lambda^{-n} \|\nu\| & \text{if } n > 0 \quad \text{and} \quad \nu \in E^u. \end{aligned}$$

Furthermore, it is assumed that the periodic points of f are dense in  $\Omega$ .

If f satisfies Axiom A, then  $\Omega = \Omega_1 \cup \cdots \cup \Omega_k$  where  $\Omega_i$  is invariant under f and  $f | \Omega_i$  is topologically transitive. Define the relation  $\geq$  by  $\Omega_i \geq \Omega_j$  if  $W^u(\Omega_i) \cap W^s(\Omega_j) \neq \emptyset$ . Here  $W^u(\Omega_i)$  is the set of points tending toward  $\Omega_i$  under negative iteration;  $W^s(\Omega; )$  is the set of points tending toward  $\Omega_j$  under iteration.

DEFINITION. If f satisfies Axiom A and the relation  $\geq$  defined above is a partial ordering, then f is said to have the No Cycle Property.

The purpose of this paper is to prove the following:

THEOREM. If f satisfies Axiom A and the No Cycle Property, then  $\zeta_f(t)$  is rational.

The basic idea of the proof is due to Williams [7]. As a preliminary,

AMS Subject Classifications. Primary 3465, 5536, 5750.

Key Words and Phrases. Dynamical systems, periodic points, zeta functions for diffeomorphisms.