obsequies of Radau and Poincaré, who had both assisted for some years in the preparation of the Annuaire, an article on the application of wireless telegraphy to the distribution of the daily time by Commandant Ferrié, and a resumé by M. Bigourdan of the observations made during the solar eclipse of 1912, April 17. From these we learn that the line of totality was almost exactly midway between those predicted by the Connaissance des Temps and the American Ephemeris.

ERNEST W. BROWN.

NOTES.

THE twentieth summer meeting and seventh colloquium of the American Mathematical Society will be held at the University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wis., during the week beginning Monday, September 8, 1913. The first two days will be devoted to the regular sessions for the presentation of papers. The colloquium will open on Wednesday morning and will close on Saturday morning. Courses of lectures will be given as follows (the list of principal topics is appended):

PROFESSOR L. E. DICKSON: "Certain aspects of a general theory of invariants, with special consideration of modular invariants and modular geometry."

A function-theoretic basis for a general theory of invariants applicable to both algebraic and modular invariants; concrete examples.

Geometrical derivation of a fundamental system of invariants of a binary modular group; application to the invariantive classification of binary forms.

The so-called form problem for a modular group; solution in the simple, but typical, case of two variables. Finiteness of modular covariants; examples of fundamental systems.

General modular geometry; the projective geometry and covariant theory of a conic and of a quadric surface modulo 2; certain features of the modular geometry of cubic and quartic curves and surfaces.

Professor W. F. Osgood: "Topics in the theory of analytic functions of several complex variables."

The lectures will attempt to give a brief survey of what