

BOUNDARY VALUES IN CHROMATIC GRAPH THEORY

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Let G be a planar graph drawn in the plane so that its outer boundary Γ is a k -cycle. A four-coloring of Γ is *admissible* if it extends to a four-coloring of all of G . Let ψ be the number of admissible boundary colorings, and we suppose the truth of the Four-Color Conjecture in the theorems marked with a * below.

CONJECTURE. $\psi \geq 3 \cdot 2^k$ ($k = 3, 4, \dots$). (The sign of equality holds if G is a triangulation of a k -cycle with no interior vertices.)

*THEOREM 1. $\psi \geq 24F_{k-1} \geq C((1 + 5^{1/2})/2)^k$, where F_k is the k th Fibonacci number.

*THEOREM 2. $\psi \geq 3 \cdot 2^k$ for $k = 3, 4, 5, 6$.

A graph is *totally reducible* (t.r.) if every four-coloring of the boundary is admissible (i.e., $\psi = 3^k + (-1)^k \cdot 3$).

THEOREM 3. For each k there is a t.r. graph G whose boundary is a k -cycle and whose interior is a triangulation.

An *annulus* G_{kl} is an l -cycle drawn interior to a k -cycle, with a maximum number of nonintersecting edges connecting the two cycles. The vertices of the l -cycle are u_1, u_2, \dots, u_l , and $\rho(u)$ is the valence of the vertex u .

THEOREM 4. An annulus G_{kl} is t.r. iff it has none of the following properties: (1) $\rho(u_1) \geq 6$; (2) $\rho(u_i) = \rho(u_j) = 5$ ($j \leq k - 3$) and $\rho(u_i) = 4$ for all i in $1 < i < j$; (3) $\rho(u_1) = \rho(u_j) = 5$, $\rho(u_i) = 4$ for all i in $1 < i < j$, $j = k - 2$, k even; (4) $\rho(u_1) = 5$, $\rho(u_i) = 4$ for all $1 < i < l$, l odd.

*THEOREM 5. An annulus G_{kl} satisfies the Conjecture stated above.

Proofs will appear elsewhere.

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