

## PONTRJAGIN CLASSES OF PL SHEAVES

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**ABSTRACT.** Over the category of PL manifolds there is a fibered category whose objects are certain equivalence classes  $[\mathcal{F}]$  of "PL sheaves"  $\mathcal{F}$ , to which one assigns real characteristic classes as in [2] and [3]. In particular each PL manifold  $M$  possesses a distinguished (co)tangent object  $[\mathcal{E}(M)]$  and a real Pontrjagin class  $p([\mathcal{E}(M)])$ . In this note we show that  $p([\mathcal{E}(M)])$  is the image under  $H^{4*}(M; Q) \rightarrow H^{4*}(M; R)$  of the Thom-Pontrjagin class of  $M$ .

The construction of [2] and [3] assigns total Chern classes  $c([\mathcal{F}]) \in H^{2*}(M; R)$  to cosets  $[\mathcal{F}]$  of complex PL sheaves  $\mathcal{F}$  over a PL manifold  $M$ , and this assignment satisfies certain axioms. As in the classical case one defines the total Pontrjagin class  $p([\mathcal{F}]) \in H^{4*}(M; R)$  of a coset  $[\mathcal{F}]$  of real PL sheaves via complexification of  $[\mathcal{F}]$ , and here are the corresponding axioms:

- (P<sub>1</sub>) if  $[\mathcal{F}]$  is a coset of real PL sheaves of "rank"  $m$  on a PL manifold  $M$  then the total Pontrjagin class  $p([\mathcal{F}])$  is an element  $1 + p_1([\mathcal{F}]) + \cdots + p_{[m/2]}([\mathcal{F}])$  of  $H^*(M; R)$  with  $p_i([\mathcal{F}]) \in H^{4i}(M; R)$ ;
- (P<sub>2</sub>)  $p(\Xi^![\mathcal{F}]) = \Xi^* p([\mathcal{F}]) \in H^{4*}(N; R)$  for any PL map  $\Xi: N \rightarrow M$ ;
- (P<sub>3</sub>)  $p([\mathcal{F}] \oplus [\mathcal{G}]) = p([\mathcal{F}]) \cup p([\mathcal{G}])$  for any cosets  $[\mathcal{F}]$  and  $[\mathcal{G}]$  over  $M$ ;
- (P<sub>4</sub>) if  $[\mathcal{F}]$  contains a bona fide real vector bundle  $\xi$  over  $M$  (as in [2] or [3]) then  $p([\mathcal{F}])$  is the classical total Pontrjagin class  $p(\xi) \in H^{4*}(M; R)$ .

**LEMMA 1.** *If a PL manifold  $M$  happens to admit a smooth structure with tangent bundle  $\tau_M$  then  $p([\mathcal{E}(M)]) = p(\tau_M)$ .*

**PROOF.** One easily verifies as in [2] that  $[\mathcal{E}(M)]$  contains  $\tau_M$ ; hence it suffices to apply (P<sub>4</sub>).

As in the smooth case one uses axioms (P<sub>1</sub>), (P<sub>2</sub>), (P<sub>3</sub>) and the multiplicative sequence corresponding to  $z^{1/2}/(\tanh z^{1/2})$  to construct the Hirzebruch polynomial  $l([\mathcal{F}]) \in H^{4*}(M; R)$  of the Pontrjagin class  $p([\mathcal{F}])$ ,

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