

following lower bounds for \bar{x} and $\phi(\bar{x})$: (I) 10^{458} ; (II) 10^{586} ; (III) 10^{400} .

REFERENCES

1. R. D. Carmichael, *Note on Euler's ϕ -function*, Bull. Amer. Math. Soc. vol. 28 (1922) pp. 109–110.
2. D. N. Lehmer, *List of prime numbers*, Carnegie Institution Publication, no. 165.

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA

ON THE DARBOUX TANGENTS

V. G. GROVE

1. **Introduction.** In a recent paper [1]¹ Abramescu gave a metrical characterization of the cubic curve obtained by equating to zero the terms of the expansion of a surface S at an ordinary point O_1 , up to and including the terms of the third order. This cubic curve is rational and its inflexions lie on the three tangents of Darboux through O_1 . In this paper we give a projective characterization of such a curve, and hence a new derivation of the tangents of Darboux. By using the method employed in this characterization to the curve of intersection of the tangent plane of the surface at O_1 with S , a simple characterization of the second edge of Green is found. Another application exhibits the correspondence of Moutard. Finally a new interpretation of the reciprocal of the projective normal is given in terms of the conditions of apolarity of a cubic form to a quartic form. The canonical tangent appears in a similar fashion.

Let S be referred to its asymptotic curves, and let the coordinates (x^1, x^2, x^3, x^4) of the generic point O_1 of S be normalized so that they satisfy the system [2] of differential equations

$$(1.1) \quad \begin{aligned} x_{uu} &= \theta_u x_u + \beta x_v + p x, \\ x_{vv} &= \gamma x_u + \theta_v x_v + q x, \quad \theta = \log R. \end{aligned}$$

The line l_1 joining O_1 to O_4 , whose coordinates are x_{uv}^4 , is the R -conjugate line, and the line l_2 determined by O_2, O_3 , whose respective coordinates are x_u^4, x_v^4 , is the R -harmonic line.

If we define the local coordinates (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) with respect to

Presented to the Society, April 26, 1947; received by the editors April 11, 1947.

¹ Numbers in brackets refer to the references cited at the end of the paper.