

NOTE ON THE STRUCTURE OF HYPER-
COMPLEX NUMBER SYSTEMS.

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IN the *Transactions* for April, 1905, on page 176 * the following theorem (No. III.) was enunciated :

Let E, E_1, E_2, \dots be a normal series of subalgebras of E (i. e., E_r is a maximal invariant subalgebra of E_{r-1} , $E_0 = E$) and let K_1, K_2, \dots be a series of complementary algebras, such that K_r accompanies E_{r-1} and is complementary to E_r . Under these assumptions the series K_1, K_2, \dots is, apart from the order, independent of the choice of the series E, E_1, E_2, \dots . In other words, if E, E'_1, E'_2, \dots is any other normal series, the complementary series of algebras K'_1, K'_2, \dots which it defines is the same as the series K_1, K_2, \dots , apart from the sequence.

With the exception of this theorem and the corresponding one where a *chief series* is used in place of the *normal series* all the proofs were made in a symbolic notation which is a generalization of one introduced by Frobenius in the theory of abstract groups. † In demonstrating the above proposition we made use of the *characteristic constants* $\gamma_{i_1 i_2 i_3}$ of the system

$$E \equiv e_1 \cdots e_n \quad (e_{i_1} e_{i_2} = \sum_{i_3} \gamma_{i_1 i_2 i_3} e_{i_3}),$$

which, owing to the associative law, satisfy the n^3 conditions

$$\sum_{i_3} (\gamma_{i_1 i_2 i_3} \gamma_{i_3 i_4 i_5} - \gamma_{i_1 i_3 i_5} \gamma_{i_2 i_4 i_3}) = 0 \quad (i = 1, \dots, n).$$

In the present note it is shown how this theorem can also be demonstrated in the symbolic notation without recourse to the γ 's.

In order to avoid repetitions I employ the same numbering of theorems and equations, and also the same letters and symbols as in the above quoted paper, which this note supplements.

According to the demonstration of the theorem I, we have (if $E_1 \neq E'_1$)

$$E = E_1 + E'_1.$$

* Epstein-Wedderburn, "On the structure of hypercomplex number systems," *Transactions Amer. Math. Society*, vol. 6, pp. 172-178.

† Frobenius, *Berliner Sitzungsberichte*, 1895, p. 164.