77. Weakly Compact Weighted Composition Operators on Certain Subspaces of C(X, E)

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Let X be a compact Hausdorff space and E a complex Banach space. By C(X, E) we denote the Banach space of all continuous E-valued functions on X with the supremum norm. The compact weighted composition operators on C(X, E) have been characterized by Jamison and Rajagopalan [2]. One of the authors proved an analogue for those operators on a more general space A(X, E) ([6]). In this note, we characterize the weakly compact weighted composition operators on A(X, E), and give some remarks on the difference between compactness and weak compactness of weighted composition operators.

Let A be a function algebra on X, that is, a uniformly closed subalgebra of C(X) = C(X, C) which contains the constants and separates the points of X. We define the closed subspace A(X, E) of C(X, E) by

 $A(X, E) = \{f \in C(X, E) : e^* \circ f \in A \text{ for all } e^* \in E^*\},\$ where E^* is the dual space of E. We recall that a *weighted composition operator* of A(X, E) is a bounded linear operator T from A(X, E) into itself, which has the form;

 $Tf(x) = w(x)f(\varphi(x)), \qquad x \in X, f \in A(X, E),$

for some selfmap φ of X and some map w from X into B(E), the space of bounded linear operators on E. In the sequel, we write wC_{φ} in place of T. For a weighted composition operator wC_{φ} on A(X, E), we have that |||w||| = $\sup\{||w(x)||_{B(E)} : x \in X\} < +\infty$, and that the map $w : X \rightarrow B(E)$ is continuous in the strong operator topology. We also know that φ is continuous on an open set $S(w) = \{x \in X : w(x) \neq 0\}$ in X. Since X is imbedded into the maximal ideal space M_A of A, we sometimes consider the selfmap φ of X as a map from X into M_A . Notice that M_A is decomposed into (Gleason) parts for A. If every non-trivial part P satisfies the condition below, then the associated space A(X, E) is said to have the property (α);

for any $x \in P$, there are an open neighborhood V of x relative to P and a homeomorphism ρ from a polydisc D^N (N depends on x) onto V such that $\hat{f} \circ \rho$ is analytic on D^N for the Gelfand transform \hat{f} of any $f \in A$ (see [3]).

Simple examples of A(X, E) with the property (α) are C(X, E) and $\{f \in C(\overline{D}, E) : f \text{ is an analytic E-valued function on the interior of }\overline{D}\}$, where \overline{D} is the closed unit disc. As a matter of notational convenience, we put $E_0 = \{e \in E : ||e||_E \leq 1\}$, and $E_0^* = \{e^* \in E^* : ||e^*|| \leq 1\}$. In what follows, we under-