19. A Theory of Infinite Dimensional Cycles for Dirac Operators

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1. Introduction. We begin with a general theory and apply it to Dirac operators in the last section. Let $\mathcal{G} = \{F_x\}_{x \in X}$ be a family of Fredholm operators parametrized by an infinite dimensional space X. We are interested in a family (not necessarily a bundle) of solutions of this family of operators.

The family of solutions of operators gives rise to an infinite dimensional cycle κ (called *kernel cycle*) which represents a global structure of the family of solutions. We shall estimate this cycle from below by another cycle ψ (called *index cycle*) determined by the index of the family of operators. Using essentially the vanishing theorem of Lichnerowicz [5], we can show this index cycle is non-trivial for Dirac operators. There is a relation between these cycles and a symplectic geometry, which will be mentioned in forthcoming publications.

Our cycles κ and ψ are motivated by the Catastrophe theory developped by R. Thom [8] and E.C. Zeeman [9]. Especially index cycles ψ are closely related to Thom-Boardman singularities (cf. J.M. Boardman [2], F. Ronga [7] and H. Morimoto [6]).

The method to prove the non-triviality of index cycles for Dirac operators is based on the idea of Atiyah-Jones [1]. They proved non-triviality of characteristic cycles χ . We apply their method to index cycles ψ taking into consideration our estimate $\kappa \supset \psi$.

The detailed proofs will be given elsewhere.

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2. General estimates for cycles. Let X be an infinite dimensional paracompact space, and let $\mathcal{G} = \{F_x\}_{x \in X}$ be a continuous family of Fredholm operators $F_x : E \to E'$, $x \in X$, here E and E' are infinite dimensional Hilbert spaces (or more generally Kuiper spaces). First we set,

$$\chi_{q,p}^*(\mathcal{G}) = \chi_{p,q}(\mathcal{G}^*) = \{x \in X ; \dim(\ker(F_x^*)) \geq p\},$$

where p and q are integers with p-q=k and k is the numerical index of \mathcal{D} . This cycle was studied in a general situation by U. Koshorke [4] and its non-triviality was shown by Atiyah-Jones [1] for Dirac operators.

We are concerned with important subcycles of $\chi_{q,p}^*$. Take filtrations of the bundle $E \times X$, $\{E_n\}$, $\{E^{\infty-n}\}_{n=1,2,\dots}$ such that $E \times X = E_n \oplus E^{\infty-n}$ for any n.