

66. A Note on the Large Sieve. IV

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1. The purpose of the present note is to show a hybrid of the multiplicative large sieve and the Rosser-Iwaniec linear sieve.

We retain most of the notations of our preceding paper [6], and in addition we introduce the following conventions: Let χ be a Dirichlet character, and put

$$S(A, z, \chi) = \sum_{\substack{n \in A \\ (n, P(z))=1}} \chi(n)a_n,$$

where a_n are arbitrary complex numbers. We put also, for $\chi \pmod{q}$,

$$R_d(\chi) = \sum_{\substack{n \in A \\ n \equiv 0 \pmod{d}}} \chi(n) - \varepsilon_\chi |\chi(d)| \frac{\delta(d)}{d} \prod_{p|d} \left(1 - \frac{\delta(p)}{p}\right) X,$$

in which ε_χ is 1 if χ is principal, and 0 otherwise.

Then our hybrid sieve is

Theorem 1. *Let \mathcal{A} be a finite set of primitive Dirichlet characters, and let M, N be arbitrary but $MN \geq z^2$. Then we have, as $z \rightarrow \infty$,*

$$\sum_{\chi \in \mathcal{A}} |S(A, z, \chi)|^2 \leq \left[X V(z) \left\{ F\left(\frac{\log MN}{\log z}\right) + o(1) \right\} + O(E) \right] \sum_{\substack{n \in A \\ (n, P(z))=1}} |a_n|^2,$$

where

$$E = \max_{\alpha, \beta} \max_{\psi \in \mathcal{A}} \sum_{\chi \in \mathcal{A}} \left| \sum_{\substack{m < M \\ n < N}} \alpha_m \beta_n R_{mn}(\chi \bar{\psi}) \right|,$$

$\{\alpha_m\}, \{\beta_n\}$ being variable vectors such that $|\alpha_m| \leq 1, |\beta_n| \leq 1$.

The proof which will be given in [7] is a direct application of Iwaniec's important idea [2] to the dual form

$$\sum_{\substack{n \in A \\ (n, P(z))=1}} \left| \sum_{\chi \in \mathcal{A}} \chi(n) b_\chi \right|^2,$$

where b_χ are arbitrary complex numbers.

2. To illustrate the power of the above theorem we prove briefly the following result of the Brun-Titchmarsh type:

Theorem 2. *If $x \geq k^2 Q^4 \rightarrow \infty$, then we have*

$$\sum_{\substack{q \leq Q \\ (q, k)=1}} \sum_{\chi \pmod{q}}^* \left| \sum_{\substack{p \equiv l \pmod{k} \\ p < x}} \chi(p) \right|^2 \leq (2 + o(1)) x \left(\varphi(k) \log \left(\frac{x}{Q\sqrt{k}} \right) \right)^{-1} \pi(x; k, l),$$

where \sum^* denotes a sum over primitive characters.