

## 161. A Characterization of Lukasiewiczian Algebra. II

By Corneliu O. SICOE

Calculus Centre of the Bucharest University

(Comm. by Kinjirô KUNUGI, Oct. 12, 1967)

In [4], I introduced according to algebraic technique used by Prof. K. Iséki [1], the notion of  $L$ -algebra and I showed that a  $L$ -algebra is a three-valued Lukasiewicz algebra. In this note I shall show that a three-valued Lukasiewicz algebra is a  $L$ -algebra, hence the notion of  $L$ -algebra is equivalent with the notion of three-valued Lukasiewicz algebra.

A three-valued Lukasiewicz algebra is [3] a system  $\langle A, 1, \sim, \mu, \cap, \cup \rangle$  such that the following axioms are verified:

- A1)  $x \cup 1 = 1$ ,
- A2)  $x \cap (x \cup y) = x$ ,
- A3)  $x \cap (y \cup z) = (x \cap y) \cup (x \cap z)$ ,
- A4)  $x = \sim \sim x$ ,
- A5)  $\sim(x \cap y) = \sim x \cup \sim y$ ,
- A6)  $\sim x \cup \mu x = 1$ ,
- A7)  $x \cap \sim x = \sim x \cap \mu x$ ,
- A8)  $\mu(x \cap y) = \mu x \cap \mu y$ .

In a three-valued Lukasiewicz algebra hold the followings:

- 1)  $\mu \mu x = \mu x$ ,
- 2)  $\sim \mu \sim \mu x = \mu x$ ,
- 3)  $\mu(x \cup y) = \mu x \cup \mu y$ ,
- 4)  $x \cap \sim x \leq y \cup \sim y$ ,
- 5)  $x \cap \mu \sim x = x \cap \sim x$ ,
- 6)  $x \cap \sim \mu x = 0$ ,<sup>1)</sup>
- 7)  $\sim x \cap \sim \mu \sim x = 0$ ,
- 8)  $\mu x \cap \sim \mu x = 0$ ,
- 9)  $\mu \sim x \cap \sim \mu \sim x = 0$ ,
- 10)  $\sim \mu x \cap \sim \mu \sim x = 0$ ,
- 11)  $\sim \mu \sim x \leq x \leq \mu x$ ,
- 12)  $x \cap y = 0 \iff \mu y \leq \sim \mu x$ ,
- 13)  $\mu x = \mu y$  and  $\sim \mu \sim x = \sim \mu \sim y$  imply  $x = y$ , which is the Moisil determination principle.

If we note  $x * y = (x \cap \sim \mu y) \cup (\sim \mu \sim x \cap \sim y)$ , we shall prove that  $\langle A, 0, *, \sim \rangle$  is a  $L$ -algebra.

**Lemma 1.**  $x * y = 0 \iff x \leq y$ .

---

1) We note  $0 = \sim 1$ .