## Self-dual Centroaffine Surfaces of Codimension Two with Constant Affine Mean Curvature\*

Hitoshi Furuhata

Takashi Kurose

## Abstract

We explicitly determine the self-dual centroaffine surfaces of codimension two with constant affine mean curvature and indefinite affine fundamental form by giving representation formulas.

## 1 Introduction

An immersion f of an n-dimensional manifold M into  $\mathbb{R}^{n+2} \setminus \{0\}$  is called a *centroaffine immersion of codimension two* if the position vector f(x) is transversal to  $f_*T_xM$  at each point x of M. Properties of such immersions invariant under special linear transformations were first studied by Walter [5], and later by Nomizu and Sasaki [3] in a more general and systematic way, particularly from the viewpoint of its closed connection with projective hypersurface theory.

For a given centroaffine immersions f of codimension two, one of the most fundamental results established by them is: if f is non-degenerate, then f uniquely determines a pseudo-Riemannian metric on M, called the *affine fundamental form* of f; moreover, the affine fundamental form is invariant under the change  $f \mapsto Af$ of centroaffine immersions by an element A of  $SL(n+2; \mathbb{R})$ .

In [2], the first author considered a certain area-variational problem with respect to the affine fundamental form and studied its extremals, which he called *minimal centroaffine immersions*. Furthermore, he showed that the space of the  $SL(4; \mathbb{R})$ congruence classes of minimal ISDC immersions  $\mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^4 \setminus \{0\}$  is in one-to-one

Bull. Belg. Math. Soc. 9 (2002), 573-587

<sup>\*</sup>The work of the first author was partially supported by the Inamori foundation, and that of the second author by Grant-in-Aid for Encouragement of Young Scientists, The Ministry of Education, Science, Sports and Culture, Japan.

Received by the editors October 2000.

Communicated by L. Vanhecke.