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## CONFORMAL AUTOMORPHISMS OF A COMPACT BORDERED RIEMANN SURFACE OF GENUS 3

Dedicated to Professor Y. Komatu

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1. Introduction. Let R be a finite Riemann surface of genus g and with k boundary components, and G be the group of all conformal mappings of R onto itself. For given non-negative integers g and k, we put

 $N(g, k) = \max(\text{ord. } G)$ 

where ord. G means the order of G, and the maximum is taken with respect to all R having the genus g and k boundary components.

For compact surfaces, that is, k=0, Hurwitz [5] proved that N(g, 0)= 84(g-1). After it many results have been obtained. For special g, the accurate values of N(g, 0) have been known. However, the problem is still open, for infinitely many values of g.

On the other hand, for  $k \ge 1$ , Heins [4], Oikawa [9] and the author [11] determined N(0, k), N(1, k) and N(2, k) respectively. And, Kato [6] determined N(g, k) for k=1, 2, 3.

In this paper, we shall determine N(3, k) as follows.

THEOREM. The value of N(3, k) is

- 168 for 84n+0, 24, 56, 80
- 96 for 48n+0, 12, 32, 44 except above cases
- 48 for 4n except above cases
- 24 for 24n+2, 6, 14, 18
- 16 for 24n+10
- 14 for 14n+1, 3, 7, 9 and 168n+22, 70, 94, 142
- 12 for 168n+46, 118, 166
  - and 84n+5, 13, 19, 25, 27, 39, 41, 53, 55, 61, 67, 75
- 9 for 252n+11, 47, 81, 83, 95, 117, 131, 153, 165, 167, 201, 237
- 8 for 504n+33, 179, 249, 251, 321, 467
- 6 for 504n+69, 215, 285, 431, 501, 503

2. Method of research. Let N'(g, k) be the order of the largest group of automorphisms of a k-times punctured compact Riemann surface of genus g.

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