# UNIQUENESS OF ENTIRE FUNCTIONS THAT SHARE SOME SMALL FUNCTIONS 

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#### Abstract

In this paper we obtain a unicity theorem of an entire function and its derivative that share two small functions IM. So we generalize and improve some results given by Rubel-Yang, Mues-Sternmetz and J. H. Zheng etc.


## 1. Introduction and main results

In this paper, we use the same signs as given in Nevanlinna theory of meromorphic functions (see [1]). By $S(r, f)$ we denote any quantity satisfying $S(r, f)=o\{T(r, f)\}$ as $r \rightarrow \infty$, possibly outside a set of $r$ with finite linear measure. Let $f$ and $g$ be two meromorphic functions. Then the meromorphic function $\alpha$ is said a small function of $f$ if and only if $T(r, \alpha)=S(r, f)$. We say that $f$ and $g$ share a value $a \mathrm{IM}(\mathrm{CM})$ if $f-a$ and $g-a$ have the same zeros ignoring multiplicities (with the same multiplicity). When $a$ is a small function of $f$ and $g, a$ is said a common small function of $f$ and $g \mathrm{IM}(\mathrm{CM})$. In addition, we introduce the following denotations:
$S(m, n)(b)=\left\{z \mid z\right.$ is a common zero of $f-b$ and $f^{\prime}-b$ with multiplicities $m$ and $n$ respectively $\}$. $\bar{N}(m, n)(r, 1 /(f-b))$ denotes the counting function of $f$ with respect to the set $S(m, n)(b)$.

On the problems of uniqueness of an entire function and its derivative that share some values, Rubel-Yang (see [2]) proved that if the entire function $f$ and $f^{\prime}$ share two distinct finite values CM then $f \equiv f^{\prime}$. Mues-Steinmetz (see [3]) improved this result to the case when $f$ and $f^{\prime}$ share two values IM. In 1992, J. H. Zheng and S. P. Wang (see [4]) generalized this result to the $f$ and $f^{\prime}$ which share two small functions CM. In this paper, we generalize and improve above results to obtain the following result:

Theorem 1. Let $f$ be a nonconstant entire function, $a$ and $b$ two distinct small functions of $f$ with $a \not \equiv \infty$ and $b \not \equiv \infty$. If $f$ and $f^{\prime}$ share $a$ and $b I M$, then $f \equiv f^{\prime}$.

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