

On the radial order of a certain regular function in a unit circle.

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(Received April 29, 1954)

1. Seidel and Walsh¹⁾ proved the following theorem.

THEOREM 1. *Let $w=f(z)$ be regular and univalent in $|z|<1$. Then there exists a null set E on $|z|=1$, such that if $e^{i\theta}$ does not belong to E , then*

$$f'(z) = o\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{|z-e^{i\theta}|}}\right) \quad \text{uniformly for a fixed } \theta,$$

when $z \rightarrow e^{i\theta}$ from the inside of any Stolz domain, whose vertex is at $e^{i\theta}$.

We shall give a simple proof as follows.

PROOF. Let D be the image of $|z|<1$ on the w -plane. Then since by an elementary transformation, we can map D on a finite domain, we may assume that D is a finite domain, so that

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 |f'(re^{i\theta})|^2 r dr d\theta < \infty,$$

hence for almost all θ in $[0, 2\pi]$,

$$\int_0^1 |f'(re^{i\theta})|^2 dr < \infty. \quad (1)$$

Let (1) hold for $\theta=0$ and we shall prove that

$$f'(z) = o\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{|z-1|}}\right) \quad \text{uniformly,} \quad (2)$$

1) W. Seidel and J.L. Walsh: On the derivatives of functions analytic in the unit circle and their radii of univalence and of p-ivalence. Trans. Amer. Math. Soc. 52 (1942).
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