

BOCHNER-RIESZ MEANS ON SYMMETRIC SPACES

CHRISTOPHER MEANEY AND ELENA PRESTINI

(Received April 8, 1997, revised August 18, 1997)

Abstract. We combine results of Giulini and Mauceri and our earlier work to obtain an almost-everywhere convergence result for the Bochner-Riesz means of the inverse spherical transform of bi-invariant L^p functions on a noncompact rank one Riemannian symmetric space. Following a technique of Kanjin, we show that this result is sharp.

1. Notation. Suppose that G/K is a noncompact rank one Riemannian symmetric space of dimension d . Here functions on G/K can be viewed as being right- K -invariant functions on G , and K -invariant functions on G/K are identified with bi- K -invariant functions on G . Denote by $-\Delta_0$ the Laplace-Beltrami operator on G/K , and $-\Delta$ its self-adjoint extension to $L^2(G/K)$. Its spectral resolution is

$$-\Delta = \int_{|\rho|^2}^{\infty} t dE(t),$$

where the constant $|\rho|^2$ depends on the geometry of G/K . For every $z \in \mathbb{C}$ with $\Re(z) \geq 0$ there are the Bochner-Riesz mean operators

$$S_R^z f = \int_{|\rho|^2}^{\infty} \left(1 - \frac{t}{R}\right)_+^z dE(t) f.$$

In fact there is a $C^\infty(K \backslash G/K)$ kernel s_R^z so that

$$S_R^z f = f * s_R^z, \quad \text{for all } f \in C_c^\infty(G/K).$$

The special case $z=0$ amounts to the usual partial sums:

$$S_R^0 f = E_R f, \quad \text{for } R \geq |\rho|^2,$$

and these converge in norm for elements $f \in L^2(G/K)$,

$$\|f - S_R^0\|_2 \rightarrow 0, \quad \text{as } R \rightarrow \infty.$$

1991 *Mathematics Subject Classification.* Primary 43A50; Secondary 33C55, 22E30, 43A90.

Key words and phrases. Rank-one symmetric space, Bochner-Riesz mean, spherical transform, complex interpolation, Cantor-Lebesgue theorem, maximal function.

CM partially supported by the CNR and MURG.

EP partially supported by the ICMS (International Centre for Mathematical Sciences).