

COMPACT SOLUTIONS OF NONLINEAR DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS IN BANACH SPACES

C. T. Taam and J. N. Welch

In this paper we investigate differential equations of the form

$$(*) \quad y' + Uy = F(\cdot, y, \mu)$$

in a complex Banach space B . We assume that either $U \in L(B, B)$ and the spectrum of U (denoted by $\text{sp } U$) is in the right half-plane, or else U is a semigroup generator. Our main objective is the study of compact solutions of $(*)$, that is, solutions whose range has a compact closure. This problem seems interesting since it includes periodic and almost-periodic solutions, and since it leads to the approximation of compact solutions to $(*)$ by solutions of equations in finite-dimensional spaces. The continuity of compact solutions with respect to a parameter has been investigated by Taam [4]. We shall also investigate the continuity and analyticity of these solutions as functions of the parameter μ , where μ lies in a complex Banach space X .

The paper is divided into three sections. In Section 1 we study compact solutions of $(*)$ in an arbitrary complex Banach space B . In Section 2, we let B be a Banach space with a basis, and we prove approximation theorems for the compact solutions of $(*)$. In Section 3 we seek compact solutions to $(*)$ for the case where U is a semigroup generator, and then we use the results of Sections 1 and 2 to get approximation theorems for this case.

1. SOLUTIONS IN A COMPLEX BANACH SPACE

Let \mathbb{R} denote the real line. The norm of a vector x in B is written as $\|x\|$. For a function f on \mathbb{R} into B , we write

$$\|f\|_{\infty} = \sup \{ \|f(t)\| : t \in \mathbb{R} \}.$$

The above is called the *uniform norm* of f .

We say that a function f from \mathbb{R} into B is *compact* if $f(\mathbb{R})$ has a compact closure.

The family of functions from \mathbb{R} into B that are Bochner integrable on every interval of unit length, and for which

$$\|f\|_s = \sup \left\{ \int_t^{t+1} \|f(s)\| \, ds : t \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

is finite will be designated by BUL . We call $\| \cdot \|_s$ the *uniform L_1 -norm*.

Received November 30, 1965.

This research was supported by the U.S. Army Research Office, Durham, under Contract No. DA-31-124-ARO-D-271.