

# INDUCED COBORDISM THEORIES—AN EXAMPLE

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

The object of this note is to describe a way to construct new cobordism theories, basically by means of one example. First, recall that if  $M$  is a manifold, then the total space of the tangent bundle of  $M$  is an almost complex manifold, for  $\tau(E(\tau_M)) \cong \pi^* \tau_M \oplus \pi^* \tau_M \cong \pi^* \tau_M \otimes_{\mathbb{R}} \mathbb{C}$ . If  $M$  is also a complex manifold, then  $\tau_M$  is a complex bundle, so  $\tau(E(\tau_M))$  is the complexification of a complex bundle and thus is a quaternionic (or symplectic) vector bundle.

One then introduces the notion of a *weakly weakly almost complex manifold* as a manifold together with a quaternionic structure on the complexification of the normal bundle. In bundle-theoretic terms, there is a fibering  $B\mathrm{Sp} \rightarrow BU$  obtained by considering a quaternionic bundle as just a complex bundle, and a map  $\otimes \mathbb{C}: BO \rightarrow BU$  obtained by classifying the complexification of the universal bundle. One may then form the induced fibering

$$\begin{array}{ccc} B & \xrightarrow{\quad} & B\mathrm{Sp} \\ f \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ BO & \xrightarrow{\otimes \mathbb{C}} & BU \end{array},$$

and a weakly weakly almost complex manifold is a manifold  $M$  together with a chosen equivalence class of liftings of the normal map  $\nu: M \rightarrow BO$  to  $B$ . (See Lashof [2] for the precise formalism of manifold with  $(B, f)$ -structure.)

Noting that the complexification of a complex bundle is quaternionic shows that

the composite  $BU \xrightarrow{\pi} BO \xrightarrow{\otimes \mathbb{C}} BU$  lifts to  $B\mathrm{Sp}$ , and hence every weakly almost complex manifold (for which  $\nu$  lifts to  $BU$ ) is weakly weakly almost complex.

Following Lashof, one may introduce the cobordism group  $\Omega_*^{(B,f)}$  of weakly weakly almost complex manifolds. The main result of this paper is then:

**THEOREM.** *The forgetful homomorphism  $F: \Omega_*^{(B,f)} \rightarrow \mathfrak{N}_*$  into unoriented cobordism is monic, and one may choose generators  $x_i$  of  $\mathfrak{N}_* = \mathbb{Z}_2[x_i; i \neq 2^s - 1]$  so that the image of  $F$  is the polynomial subalgebra on the  $x_i$  ( $i$  odd) and  $x_1^2$  ( $i$  even).*

*Note.* The image of the complex cobordism ring  $\Omega_*^U$  in  $\mathfrak{N}_*$  is the polynomial subalgebra consisting of the squares (Milnor [3]). The odd-dimensional generators needed may be taken to be  $U/O$  manifolds in the sense of Smith-Stong [4]; i.e., manifolds for which the complexification of the normal bundle is trivial.

The results will include a general structure theorem (Remark following Lemma 3.1) showing that many theories are 2-torsion, and an analysis of Wall's cobordism theory  $W_*$  (section 4) in a form similar to weakly weakly almost complex cobordism.

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