

# THE DIFFERENTIAL INVARIANTS OF PARTICLE LAGRANGIANS UNDER EQUIVALENCE BY CONTACT TRANSFORMATIONS

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**ABSTRACT.** We use Élie Cartan's method of equivalence to derive the structure equations of the integral  $\int L(x, y^1, \dots, y^m, dy^1/dx, \dots, dy^m/dx) dx$  under the group of contact transformations for the case  $m > 1$ . These equations define a complete set of local differential invariants of the integral under contact transformations. We obtain a differential quadratic form and an associated system of frames which are intrinsic to  $\int L dx$  and interpret our results from the standpoint of Finsler spaces. In the last section we explore some of the consequences of the structure equations.

**1. Introduction.** This paper extends results obtained by Robert Gardner and Robert Bryant in an unpublished work [3] on the problem of finding local differential invariants of the integral

$$\int L(x, y^1, \dots, y^m, dy^1/dx, \dots, dy^m/dx) dx$$

under the group of contact transformations for the case  $m > 1$  with the assumption that  $L$  is a regular Lagrangian. This problem was solved by Élie Cartan for the case  $m = 1$  [4]; S.S. Chern [6] found the differential invariants of the integral

$$\int L(y^1, \dots, y^m, dy^1/dx, \dots, dy^m/dx) dx$$

where  $L$  is positively homogeneous of degree one in the variables  $p^1, \dots, p^m$ .

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