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ITERATIVE APPROXIMATION OF SOLUTIONS TO NONLINEAR EQUATIONS OF ϕ -STRONGLY ACCRETIVE OPERATORS IN BANACH SPACES

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ABSTRACT. Suppose that X is an arbitrary Banach space and $T: X \to X$ is a uniformly continuous ϕ -strongly accretive operator. It is proved that, for a given $f \in X$, the Ishikawa iteration method with errors converges strongly to the solutions of the equations f = Tx and f = x + Tx under suitable conditions. Related results deal with the iterative approximation of fixed points of ϕ -strongly pseudocontractive operators. Our results generalize, improve and unify the corresponding results in [2]–[11], [13]–[16], [19], [20], [23]–[26] and [28].

1. Introduction. Let X be an arbitrary Banach space with norm $\|\cdot\|$ and dual X^* and J denote the normalized duality map from X into 2^{X^*} given by

$$J_X = \{ f^* \in X^* : \|f^*\|^2 = \|x\|^2 = \operatorname{Re} \langle x, f^* \rangle \},\$$

where $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$ stands for the generalized duality pairing between X and X^* . It is well known that, if X^* is convex, then J is single-valued. In the sequel we shall denote the single-valued duality mapping by j.

An operator T with domain D(T) and range R(T) in X is called strongly accretive if there exists a constant k > 0 such that for all $x, y \in D(T)$, there exists $j(x-y) \in J(x-y)$ satisfying

(1.1)
$$\operatorname{Re} \langle Tx - Ty, j(x-y) \rangle \ge k \|x - y\|^2.$$

Without loss of generality we may assume $k \in (0, 1)$. If k = 0 in (1.1), then T is called accretive. Furthermore, T is called ϕ -strongly accretive

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