

BOUNDS FOR RIEMANN-STIELTJES INTEGRALS

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ABSTRACT. Let f, g, h be real valued functions on a compact interval $[a, b]$, where h is of bounded variation with total variation V on $[a, b]$, and such that $\int_a^b f dg$ and $\int_a^b hf dg$ both exist. If $m = \inf\{h(x) : a \leq x \leq b\}$ it is shown that

$$\int_a^b hf dg \leq m \int_a^b f dg + V \sup_{a \leq \alpha < \beta \leq b} \int_a^\beta f dg,$$

$$\int_a^b hf dg \geq m \int_a^b f dg + V \inf_{a \leq \alpha < \beta \leq b} \int_a^\beta f dg.$$

Corresponding bounds hold for improper Riemann-Stieltjes integrals. The first of the inequalities above extends a result of R. Darst and H. Pollard, who dealt with the case $f(x) \equiv 1$, and g continuous on $[a, b]$.

In a recent paper [2], Darst and Pollard proved that *if h is real and of bounded variation on the interval $[a, b]$ and g is continuous there, then*

$$(1) \quad \int_a^b h dg \leq (\inf h)[g(b) - g(a)] + V(h; [a, b])S_g(a, b),$$

where V is the total variation of h on $[a, b]$, and

$$(2) \quad S_g(a, b) = \sup_{a \leq \alpha < \beta \leq b} \int_a^\beta dg.$$

Although it was not pointed out in [2], by replacing g in (1) by $(-g)$, one also obtains

$$(1') \quad \int_a^b h dg \geq (\inf h)[g(b) - g(a)] + V(h; [a, b])s_g(a, b),$$

where

$$(2') \quad s_g(a, b) = \inf_{a \leq \alpha < \beta \leq b} \int_a^\beta dg.$$

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