Nondiscrete local ramified class field theory

By

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1. Introduction

Let p be a prime, Q_p the field of p-adic numbers, Ω an algebraic closure of Q_p and $\overline{\Omega}$ the (topologic) completion of Ω . Suppose k is an infinite algebraic extension of Q_p with finite residue field and such that the exponent of p in the Steinitz number $[k: Q_p]$ is finite, and \overline{k} its (topological) completion. We study the finite abelian totally ramified extensions of k and \overline{k} , in terms of subgroups of norms of U(k) and $U(\overline{k})$ respectively. More precisely, if ℓ is a finite abelian extension of k and $\overline{\ell}$ its completion, then one has the following commutative diagram

$$U(\bar{k})/\bar{H} \xrightarrow{\delta \bar{c}/\bar{k}} \text{Gal} (\bar{\ell}/\bar{k})_{\text{ram}}$$

$$\phi \uparrow \qquad \uparrow \mathbb{R}^{\text{es}^{-1}}$$

$$U(\bar{k})/H \xrightarrow{\delta \bar{c}/\bar{k}} \text{Gal} (\ell/\bar{k})_{\text{ram}}$$

where all the arrows are functorial isomorphisms, and H and \overline{H} are the subgroups of norms of units from ℓ and $\overline{\ell}$ respectively. Moreover, one has a continuous group homomorphism

$$\widehat{U(k)} \xrightarrow{\delta_k} \operatorname{Gal}(k_{ab}/k)_{ram}$$

(where U(k) is the completion of U(k) with respect to the subgroups of finite index), which is surjective and whose kernel is the subgroup of roots of unity in U(k) of order $q_1 = (q - 1, [k: Q_p]_{\infty})$.

Throughout the paper use ideas and results of Hazewinkel's ([3]) and Iwasawa's ([5]).

As a remark, here we describe the finite abelian extensions (totally ramified) of an infinite totally ramified extension of a local field with only finite wild ramification, while J.M. Fontaine and J.P. Wintenberger do it for totally ramified extensions of a local field with only finite tame ramification ([2]). Our next goal is to put these two together.

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