

REMARKS ON NONLINEAR FUNCTIONAL EQUATIONS, III

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Introduction

In two preceding papers under the same title [2], [3], the writer has studied nonlinear functional equations in reflexive complex Banach spaces involving operators T mapping such a Banach space X into its dual X^* and satisfying inequalities of the type

$$(1) \quad |(Tu - Tv, u - v)| \geq k(u, v)h(\|u - v\|)$$

where (w, v) denotes the pairing between w of X^* and v of X .

A representative result of this type is Theorem 1 of [2] which asserts that if T is demicontinuous and satisfies the two conditions:

(i) There exists a real function $c(r)$ on R^1 with $c(r) \rightarrow +\infty$ as $r \rightarrow +\infty$ such that for all u of X ,

$$(2) \quad |(Tu, u)| \geq c(\|u\|)\|u\|;$$

(ii) For each $N > 0$, there exists a continuous strictly increasing real function $k_N(r)$ on R^1 with $k_N(0) = 0$ such that for $\|u\| \leq N$, $\|v\| \leq N$

$$(3) \quad |(Tu - Tv, u - v)| \geq k_N(\|u - v\|)\|u - v\|;$$

then T maps X onto X^* .

This theorem is an extension and generalization of a theorem of Zarantonello [7] which asserts that if T is a continuous map of a Hilbert space H into H which carries bounded sets into bounded sets and such that for a suitable constant $c > 0$

$$|(Tu - Tv, u - v)| \geq c\|u - v\|^2$$

then T maps H onto H .

Further extensions were given by the writer in [3] in which on the one hand the inequality (3) of (ii) was modified to

$$(4) \quad |(Tu - Tv, u - v)| \geq k_N(\|u - v\|) - |(C_N u - C_N v, u - v)|$$

where for each $N > 0$, C_N is some completely continuous map of X into X^* , and on the other, the demicontinuity of T was replaced by the condition that $T = L + G$ where G is demicontinuous and maps bounded sets of X into bounded sets of X^* while L is a closed densely defined linear map of X into X^* such that its adjoint L^* is the closure of its restriction to $D(L) \cap D(L^*)$.

Received April 23, 1964.

¹ This research was supported in part by the Sloan Foundation, by the National Science Foundation, and by the Army Research Office (Durham).