

CONNECTION FORMULA OF SYMMETRIC A-TYPE JACKSON INTEGRALS

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1. Introduction. Let $\bar{X} = \overbrace{C^* \times C^* \times \cdots \times C^*}^n$ be an algebraic torus of dimension n whose coordinates are represented by $t = (t_1, \dots, t_n)$. We fix the elliptic modulus q such that $0 < q < 1$ and denote

$$(1.1) \quad X = \{q^x = (q^{x_1}, \dots, q^{x_n}) \mid x = (\ell_1, \dots, \ell_n) \in \mathbb{Z}^n\}.$$

The set X is an integral lattice of \bar{X} and acts on \bar{X} by multiplication. For $\xi = (\xi_1, \dots, \xi_n) \in \bar{X}$, we denote by $\langle \xi \rangle$ the X orbit of ξ

$$(1.2) \quad \langle \xi \rangle = \{q^x \xi = (\xi_1 q^{x_1}, \dots, \xi_n q^{x_n}) \mid x = (\ell_1, \dots, \ell_n) \in \mathbb{Z}^n\}.$$

Let $f(t)$ be a function on \bar{X} . We define the Jackson integral of $f(t)$ over $\langle \xi \rangle$ by

$$(1.3) \quad \int_{\langle \xi \rangle_+} f(t) \tilde{\omega} = (1 - q)^n \sum_{x \in \mathbb{Z}^n} f(q^x \xi) \\ = (1 - q)^n \sum_{\ell_1 = -\infty}^{+\infty} \cdots \sum_{\ell_n = -\infty}^{+\infty} f(\xi_1 q^{\ell_1}, \dots, \xi_n q^{\ell_n})$$

where

$$\tilde{\omega} = \frac{d_q t_1}{t_1} \wedge \cdots \wedge \frac{d_q t_n}{t_n}.$$

We remark that in the previous papers [A1] and [AK] we use the notation $[0, \xi^\infty]_q$ for $\langle \xi \rangle_+$. We endow such an orientation to \bar{X} that the integrals are independent of the order of the variables t_1, \dots, t_n .

In this paper, we choose the following function as an integrand:

$$(1.4) \quad \Phi_{n,m}(t) = \Phi_{n,m}(t \mid \alpha, \beta, \gamma) \\ = t_1^{\alpha_1} \cdots t_n^{\alpha_n} \prod_{\substack{1 \leq j \leq n \\ 1 \leq k \leq m}} \frac{(t_j/x_k)_\infty}{(t_j q^{\beta_k}/x_k)_\infty} \prod_{1 \leq i < j \leq n} \frac{(q^{\gamma'} t_j/t_i)_\infty}{(q^{\gamma} t_j/t_i)_\infty}$$

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