PERTURBATIONS OF NONLINEAR SYSTEMS

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1. Introduction

In section 3 of this paper we extend the author's results [4] concerning perturbations of real linear systems of the form

$$\dot{x} = [A(t) + B(t)]x,$$
 (1.1)

where A(t) and B(t) are continuous and uniformly bounded matrices. In particular we obtain conditions on the matrix A(t) which will assure us that the characteristic exponents of system (1.1) are continuous at $B(t) \equiv 0$ as functions of B(t) (Corollary 3.1). In section 4 we obtain results concerning the existence and variation of bounded solutions of nonlinear differential equations (Theorem 4.1). In section 5 we apply these results to almost periodic nonlinear systems and extend the author's previous results (Theorem 5.1).

2. Elementary Transformations and Definitions

A counter example due to Perron [7] shows that even in the case where the matrix A(t) in (1.1) is a diagonal matrix the characteristic exponents of (1.1) need not be continuous at $B(t)\equiv 0$. One notes, however, that one of the diagonal terms in Perron's example fails to possess a mean value. We shall find that if one restricts oneself to matrices A(t) which are kinematically similar [5] to upper triangular matrices whose diagonal elements have the following property I, then the characteristic exponents of system (1.1) are continuous at $B(t)\equiv 0$.

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⁹⁻⁶⁰³⁸⁰⁷ Acta mathematica. 103 Imprimé le 19 mars 1960