## THEORY OF LINEAR DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS CONTAINING A PARAMETER.

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I. Introduction. Our present object is to establish the asymptotic properties of the solutions of a linear differential equation of order n

(A<sub>1</sub>) 
$$L_n(x,\lambda;y) \equiv \sum_{k=0}^n a_{n-k}(x,\lambda) y^{(k)} = 0$$
$$[{}_1a_0(x,\lambda) \neq 0; \quad {}_1a_n(x,\lambda) \neq 0]^1,$$

in so far as the parameter  $\lambda$  is concerned. The theory will be given for the complex plane of  $\lambda$ ; moreover, no restrictions will be made concerning the  $\lambda$ -formal series solutions of  $(\Lambda_1)$ . The coefficients in  $(\Lambda_1)$  will be assumed to be indefinitely

<sup>1</sup>  $f^{(k)}(k \ge 0)$  here and in the sequel denotes  $\frac{\partial^k f}{\partial x^k}$ .

<sup>1-36122.</sup> Acta mathematica. 67. Imprimé le 19 mars 1936.