ON COMPACT KÄHLER MANIFOLDS OF NONNEGATIVE BISECTIONAL CURVATURE, I

BY

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This is the first of two papers devoted to the study of compact Kähler manifolds of nonnegative bisectional curvature (see also [Wu2]). The main result of this paper is the following theorem; together with its corollaries below, this theorem shows that such manifolds possess a rigid internal structure. For their statements, recall from [Wu1] that the Ricci curvature is *quasi-positive* iff it is everywhere nonnegative and is positive in all directions at a point; an equivalent definition is that the Ricci tensor Ric is everywhere positive semi-definite and is positive definite at a point.

THEOREM. Let M be an n-dimensional compact Kähler manifold with nonnegative bisectional curvature and let the maximum rank of Ric on M be n-k ($0 \le k \le n$). Then:

(A) The universal covering of M is holomorphically isometric to a direct product $M' \times C^k$, where M' is an (n-k)-dimensional compact Kähler manifold with quasi-positive Ricci curvature and C^k is equipped with the flat metric.

(B) M' is algebraic, possesses no nonzero holomorphic q-forms for $q \ge 1$, and is holomorphically isometric to a direct product of compact Kähler manifolds $M_1 \times ... \times M_s$, where each M_i has quasi-positive Ricci curvature and satisfies $H^2(M_i, \mathbb{Z}) \cong \mathbb{Z}$.

(C) There is a flat, compact complex manifold B and a holomorphic, locally isometrically trivial fibration $p: M \rightarrow B$ whose fibre is M'.

(D) There exists a compact Kähler manifold M^* , a flat complex torus T, and a commutative diagram:



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