## On discrete Möbius groups in all dimensions: A generalization of Jørgensen's inequality

## by

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## Introduction

In this paper we present a generalization to all dimensions of the following sharp inequality of Jørgensen [Jø] concerning discrete nonelementary groups:

THEOREM (Jørgensen's inequality). Let f and g be Möbius transformations of the Riemann sphere. If f and g together generate a discrete nonelementary group, then

 $|\mathrm{tr}^2(f) - 4| + |\mathrm{tr}[f, g] - 2| \ge 1.$ 

Here  $[f,g]=fgf^{-1}g^{-1}$  is the multiplicative commutator and we are identifying f and g with their matrix representatives in  $\mathcal{SL}_2 \mathbb{C}$ . Nonelementary in this setting means not virtually Abelian.

It is the following principle that makes Jørgensen's inequality such a valuable tool.

If two Möbius transformations f and g generate a nonelementary discrete group, then given f, g cannot be too close to the identity.

In higher dimensions the trace seems not to be such a good invariant and moreover we must work in the Lie group  $O^+(1, n)$ . Here is the generalization we propose:

THEOREM. Let f and g be Möbius transformations of  $S^n$ . If f and g together generate a discrete nonelementary group, then

 $\max\{\|g^i f g^{-i} - \operatorname{Id}\|: i = 0, 1, 2, ..., n\} \ge 2 - \sqrt{3}.$ 

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