## ANALYTIC RAMIFICATIONS AND FLAT COUPLES OF LOCAL RINGS

BY

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## Introduction

In a paper of 1935 Akizuki constructed an analytically ramified (Noetherian) local domain of Krull dimension one ([1], Section 3). We shall present another, similar construction. It effects a transformation

$$(R_0, R_1) \rightarrow \{R, \mathfrak{p}\}$$

where on the left stands an arbitrary equidimensional flat couple of local rings and on the right a local ring together with a prime ideal (of coheight one) whose analytic ramification reflects the structure of the couple to the left. More precisely, the completion  $\hat{R}$  of R contains just one prime ideal  $\mathfrak{p}^*$  contracting to  $\mathfrak{p}$ , and the couple  $(R_{\mathfrak{p}}, \hat{R}_{\mathfrak{p}^*})$  mirrors the structure of  $(R_0, R_1)$  inasmuch as there exists a commutative diagram



with unramified flat ring injections as horizontal maps. (See below for definitions.)

Two conclusions can be drawn from this construction (cf. further [11]). One is simply that there are plenty of analytic ramifications. The prime information in this respect is obtained already by taking for  $R_0$  a field K and for  $R_1$  a ring A of the form  $K[Z_1, ..., Z_n]/I$  with I primary for  $(Z_1, ..., Z_n)$ . Then  $\mathfrak p$  must be equal to (0) so that R becomes a one-dimensional local domain with the property that  $\hat{R}_{\mathfrak p^*}$ , the formal fiber of its zero ideal, is an unramified flat extension of A. Actually  $\hat{R}_{\mathfrak p^*} \simeq A \otimes_K K((x))$  (where  $K((x)) = K[[x]][x^{-1}]$ ), as is easily derived from the explicit formulas  $\hat{R} = \hat{R}_1[[x]]$ ,  $\mathfrak p^* = \mathfrak m_1 \hat{R}$  (cf. below).